## RELAY CATALOG




## SAFRAN ELECTRICAL \& POWER

## SMARTER ELECTRICAL SOLUTIONS FOR A BETTER FLIGHT

At Power we innovate to provide greener, reliable and cost-effective electrical solutions. We are one division "Powering-On" to be a world class trusted supplier.

## Table of Contents

3 Table of Contents
4 Fast Information Finder
4 Part Number to Page Index
5-8 Capabilities and Featured Products
Safran Electrical \& Power Capabilities
Featured Products Article
(High Volt DC / Next Generation Contactors / Power Distribution Boxes)

9-20 Remote Controlled Circuit Breakers
Remote Controlled Circuit Breakers
Remote Power Controllers
21-30 Power Relays
Gasket Sealed - 100 to 1000A
Gasket Sealed - 25 to 400A, Type II and Type III
31-37 Hermetically Sealed Power Relays
Hermetically Sealed - 12 to 50A
Hermetically Sealed - 100 to 400A
Terminal Covers
38-41 Lightweight Relays
Hermetically Sealed
Environmentally Sealed
42-43 Generator Contactors
44-46 Custom Flat Packs
46 Reference
Military to Safran Electrical \& Power Part Number Index

Remote Controlled Circuit Breakers

## Capabilities and Featured Products

## Power Relays

Hermetically Sealed Power Relays

## Lightweight Relays

## Generator Contactors

## Custom Flat Packs

## Reference

## Find Information Fast

- Have a Safran Electrical
\& Power part number and need more information? Use the part number to page index on this page to get the exact page of the full product listing.
- Have a Military part number and need applicable Safran Electrical \& Power part number? Use the Military part number Index in the back of this catalog.
- Need additional information not contained in this catalog? For technical questions, application assistance, or the name of your local authorized distributor, call 1-800-955-7354.


## Part Number to Page Index

## Safran Electrical \& Power Part

No. Page No.
4936
$6041 \mathrm{H}-\quad 25$
$6042 \mathrm{H}-\quad 31$
6046H- 25
9565H 25
SM15 40
SM100D- 21
SM150D- 21
SM200D- 21
SM400D- 21
SM1000D- 21
SM100H1 38
SM135B2 42
SM400H 34
SM600BA5-100 10
SM600BA125-200 19
SM601BA10-60 10

## Market Trends

Aircraft and commercial offhighway vehicle Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) are continuously pursuing efficiencies associated with the design and manufacture of vehicle platforms. Additionally, the OEMs are working on increasing the functionality of system components while reducing operating and life cycle costs. These activities are leading to the migration of engineering and system design activities to Tier 1 system integrators and their supply partners such as Safran Electrical \& Power. This supplier team will be required to design, develop, and manufacture performance rated products such as relays, "smart" contactors, high voltage DC contactors, and power distribution junction boxes that minimize cost, reduce weight, and limit product dimensions in order to support accomplishing OEM objectives.

## What Problem Does Safran Electrical \& Power Systems Solve?

Aircraft OEMs discovered that outsourcing power distribution management requirements to Tier 1-system integrators and their vendor base is an effective alternative that mitigates risk and leverages the subsystem and component manufacturer expertise. The success of such outsourcing efforts benefits the OEM and leads to more reliance on qualified Tier 1-System Integrators for electrical systems. To compliment this OEM strategy, Safran Electrical \& Power formed the product divison, which combines the product pedigree of illuminated pushbutton switches, cockpit displays and keyboards, NVIS products, pilot controls, and a variety of MILqualified aerospace switches,
relays, contactors, and circuit breakers, to broaden the product portfolio and support execution of a subsystem strategy. Safran Electrical \& Power's objective is to be the leading candidate for the supply of aerospace power distribution components and subsystems.

## The Safran Electrical \& <br> Power Solution

Safran Electrical \& Power is an attractive partner in the design and development of integrated relay and contactor components and subsystem power junction boxes. Our development process employs sound methodology to identify, assess, and manage program risk. The components of this approach include Phase-Gate Reviews, Project Management, and Six Sigma for Design and Development. This process in conjunction with Safran Electrical \& Power's extensive Product Portfolio and Capabilities enable the Aerospace Group division to be a single source supplier for power protection, distribution, and switching components. The system integrators have the option of sourcing pedigree relays and contactors for their power distribution box designs or subcontracting the entire power distribution subsystem to Safran Electrical \& Power.

## Phase-Gate Reviews

This process organizes product development activities from the idea through product launch into a series of phases. The activities within each phase are multifunctional, and are designed to provide information that progressively reduces risk. Consistent application of the process promotes successful on-time product development, as well as competitive pricing and high quality levels.


## Project Management

Product development projects involve the iterative planning, execution and control of project team activities in order to meet the competing demands of scope, timing, cost, risk and quality. Project management methodology affords the application of knowledge, skills, tools and techniques to meet these requirements.

## Six Sigma for Design and Development

Six Sigma for Design and Development is a methodology using normal Six Sigma tools, but applies them early in the design process. This methodology instills the product development process with the same Six Sigma process rigor found in Safran Electrical \& Power manufacturing to create successful products in a competitive marketplace.

## Product Portfolio

Safran Electrical \& Power's complete product portfolio allows flexibility to partner with customers having a variety of relay and contactor subsystem and component needs. Safran Electrical \& Power's engineers design additional value into traditional power distribution components and subsystems through electronics, while balancing customer concerns for size, weight, cost, and performance. Safran Electrical \& Power's Power Distribution


Boxes are a prime example of value-added engineering. Proven relay, contactor, and circuit breaker products are packaged into a single line replaceable assembly that offers the user a customized power module that significantly reduces overall system weight, improves system level reliability, and maintainability.

The Safran Electrical \& Power product portfolio is recognized in the aerospace industry as MIL qualified for performance rated power distribution products. Safran Electrical \& Power's experience in designing relays and contactors to MIL Spec requirements such as MIL-PRF-83383, MIL-R-6106/9, /10, /11, and MIL-R-6101/48 ensures the customer of relays and contactors that will operate in the most challenging environments and in accordance with the strictest performance requirements. These same component design considerations are incorporated into Safran Electrical \& Power's latest designs such as High Voltage DC Contactors and also in subsystem designs such as a Power Distribution Box (PDB). These products are highlighted in the Featured Products
Article on page 7-8.

The product portfolio includes:

- Smart Contactors with cur rent sensing protection, Ground Fault Interrupt technology, or Arc Fault Circuit Interrupt technology.
- 28 Vdc Contactors (50 to 1000 amperes).
- 270 Vdc Contactors (25 to 350 amperes).
- 115/230 Vac 400 Hertz Contactors ( 30 to 430 amperes).
- 750 Vdc Contactors (100 to 600 amperes).
- Power Distribution Junction Boxes.
- A variety of aerospace switches (rocker, toggle, pushbutton and limit)
- Pilot Controls including customized flap controls, landing gear controls, throttle controls, trim controls (for mechanical pitch, roll and yaw), and fire emergency controls.
- Displays, readable in both direct sunlight and at night, including the popular Series 900 fiber optic displays, as well as displays with surface mount devices and programmable electronic arrays.
- Keyboards that are sunlight and night light readable and suited for virtually any application, including flight management panels, handheld data communications panels, shipboard computer control panels, fire system control panels, ground support equipment, and radar and telemetry control panels. Safran Electrical \& Power keyboards also incorporate logic boards, photo sensors, rotary and toggle switches, and annunciators, and have features such as microprocessor interfacing and programmable logic control.
- NVIS products such as cockpit controls, displays and keyboards, and illuminated push button switches that conform to MIL and NVIS specifications and any unique customer needs.
- Illuminated Pushbutton switches with a multitude of options ranging from sunlight readable, NVIS-compatible, incandescent and LED lighting to various mounting and termination options for flexible installation and retrofit applications.
- Electro-mechanical thermal circuit breakers ( 0.5 to 300 amperes) - single phase or three phase thermally actuated devices offered in conventional design or with integrated Arc Fault Circuit Interrupt technology.
- Remote Control Circuit Breakers (5 to 125 amperes) - single phase or three-phase devices sold separately or as a subsystem when combined with a necessary indicator control unit ( 0.5 ampere circuit breaker).
- Electromechanical Remote Power Controllers (125 to 200 amperes) - single-phase devices sold separately or as a subsystem when combined with a necessary indicator control unit ( 0.5 ampere circuit breaker).


## Safran Electrical \& Power Capabilities

- Proven excellence in component and subsystem design, development, testing, qualification, and production for both military and commercial aerospace applications.
- A manufacturing organization that emphasizes customer satisfaction by focusing on cost, quality, and delivery of the product portfolio.
- Altitude / temperature testing chamber simulating altitude to 80,000 feet and temperatures from $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Test capabilities of $115 / 200 \mathrm{Vac}$ 400 Hz to $3600 \mathrm{amps}, 28 \mathrm{Vdc}$ to $10,000 \mathrm{amps}, 270 / 350 / 475$ Vdc to $1,500 \mathrm{amps}$.
- Environmental tests for Sand and Dust, Shock, and Vibration.
- Latest CAD/CAM finite element analysis and stereolithographic techniques, and PRO-E design.
- Model Shop flexibility to respond to design changes and rapid turn around of prototypes.


## The Safran Electrical \& Power Difference

There are a number of relay and contactor suppliers in the aerospace market. However, few possess the vertical integration needed to engineer and manufacture to both MIL Spec and OEM customer specifications to ensure consistency of quality operation in components and subsystems.

Safran Electrical \& Power affords its customers the following difference:

- Strong brand recognition, customer loyalty, and demonstrated market presence for over 80 years
- Ability to leverage the company's size, financial strength, and scope to drive superior results. Safran Electrical \& Power has the ability to leverage the engineering resources of a multi-billion dollar company.
- An extensive product portfolio that complements integrated subsystem design competency.
- A flat organizational structure that allows for the optimal blend of best value technical approach and test support within budget and schedule constraints.
- Dedicated program managers that understand and communicate the "voice of the customer". Design software that promotes concurrent engineering and the exchange of customer data.
- Co-located engineering, manufacturing, and development resources promote robust product development and product support.

Safran Electrical \& Power's unique portfolio, its ability to design and manufacture components and subsystems, and customer centric strategy mitigates the risk associated with new aircraft electrical power distribution systems. Safran Electrical \& Power is an ideal candidate to consider for engineering and manufacturing collaboration on all future commercial, General Aviation, and military programs.


## Changing Aerospace Industry

In today's consolidating aerospace industry, Tier 1-System Integrators and Airframe Manufacturers desire more value from their component suppliers. A qualified supplier must not only have an extensive product portfolio, but must also display proven subsystem capabilities. These abilities include the capacity to design, manufacture, and test customized power distribution assemblies that consolidate multiple functions in a single package. Over the past decade, Safran Electrical \& Power acknowledged this fact, and has focused its attention on developing these value-add competencies to become a recognized leader in integrated power distribution systems. Specifically, LSafran Electrical \& Power has stayed at the forefront of product / technology development through the development of the following components and subassemblies: High-Voltage DC (HVDC) Contactors, NextGeneration Alternating Current (AC) Contactors, and Power Distribution Boxes.

## High-Voltage DC Contactors



As electrical power systems of 270 Vdc and greater become the application standard for high performance aircraft, the requirements for switching and protection components become
increasingly demanding. DC switching has always posed greater design challenges versus AC applications. With AC, the current naturally passes through zero each half cycle resulting in quick arc extinction after contact separation.

Conventional 28 Vdc switching can also be accomplished using single or double break contact sets. In this case, the inherent arc voltage generated by the anode and cathode of the arcing contact sets is capable of opposing and interrupting the current flow. The low voltage device counts little on the arc voltage generated in the actual arc column to drive the current to zero.

Once the system voltage is increased beyond the 48 Vdc rating, the interruption scheme becomes more challenging. Although the arc voltage generated by the arc column is generally small compared to the anode and cathode voltages, it will increase as the open contact gap widens. The actual arc voltage generated is a function of contact materials, the gas or atmosphere in the contact region, application current, and contact gap. Unfortunately, there is zero crossover to facilitate interruption, and the design must rely on open gap or arc stretching to match the system voltage. Therefore, with a single or double break contact set, the ability to interrupt 270 Vdc quickly becomes size impractical without a more involved interruption scheme.

## Safran Electrical \& Power Technical Approach

The technology chosen for use within the Safran Electrical \& Power line of 270Vdc contactors is splitting the arc into multiple series arcs under the
influence of a constant magnetic field. This is accomplished by driving the arc column into a set of metallic plates housed within an insulated arc chute assembly. The multiple plates then provide the significant anode and cathode contribution to the arc voltage required for interruption. The plates also help to cool the arc column, causing the arc to exist at a higher potential and be stabilized in a predictable location in the plate. By placing multiple plates within the arc chute, the arc voltage generated during interruption can be increased resulting in less volume required by the arc chute.

With the use of permanent magnets for controlling the arc column, the interruption is consistent even at low levels of application current. This results in extended low-level contact life. This design allows for smaller device size and the ability to the mount the products in a compact power distribution subsystem.

## Benefits of HVDC Technology

The Aerospace Group's ES\&C division has long been involved in programs addressing requirements for High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) applications. Few competitors rival Safran Electrical \& Power's knowledge and experience in this technology over the past two decades. The proven air break technology used by the Safran Electrical \& Power HVDC contactor line provides the following benefits that competitive HVDC product offerings (hermetic) do not provide:

- Safran Electrical \& Power was the first contactor manufacturer to complete product design and flight safety tests for 270Vdc aero space devices.
- Hermetic sealing material adds unnecessary device weight. Hermetic sealing material degrades over time compromising the controlled atmosphere within the arc chamber, potentially leading to device failures. Safran Electrical \& Power devices have no requirement for a seal.
- Hermetic sealed devices are classified by an allowable leakage rate, suggesting they are inherently unstable over time and susceptible to "dormant" failures. The Safran Electrical \& Power design increases reliability because the splitter plates eliminate single point of failure (inability to interrupt) associated with failed hermetic devices.
- Load Polarity - Safran Electrical \& Power's devices are bi-directional without restriction. Safran Electrical \& Power devices reliably switch small current loads as well as high current loads.
- Electrical Life - Safran Electrical \& Power end of life characterized by contact voltage drop.
- Safran Electrical \& Power's design is robust and operates well in harsh environments as demonstrated by past program performance and application of commercialized product.
- Safran Electrical \& Power's device is a "Qualified" technology per MIL-R-6106 standard for all contactors.
- Safran Electrical \& Power's device packaging easily tailored for application footprint.
- Increased capability todissipate energy for switching inductive loads.
- Consistent and controlled switching transients due to ramped build up of arc voltage upon interruption.
- Line Replaceable Unit packaging minimizes maintenance time.

The Safran Electrical \& Power design does not require a hermetic seal, providing several advantages in application. In military applications, the use of splitter plate technology allows the device to function reliably throughout the life of the airframe while being subjected to harsh combat field environments and flight profiles that involve extreme levels of vibration and shock that can compromise competitors' hermetic seal product designs. The loss of a hermetic seal causes device failure as it relies on the sealed atmosphere within the device to interrupt high voltage. A failure of this nature could cause mission cancellation, mission abort, or even loss of aircraft. If installed in commercial aircraft applications, hermetically sealed devices would require periodic maintenance crew checks to prevent the risk of "dormant" failures associated with this design. The Safran Electrical \& Power design reduces/eliminates the need for maintenance involvement and better supports Air Carrier objectives for maintenance-free devices.

## Combining ongoing research

 with current product development, Safran Electrical \& Power continually strives to be a premier supplier of High-Voltage DC components and subsystems.
## Next Generation Contactors

Safran Electrical \& Power has extensive experience in the research, design, and development of various AC Contactor product lines, including "Smart" contactors with integrated current sensing and Arc Fault Circuit interrupt (AFCI) technology, 28Vdc Lightweight

Contactors, and Advanced Generator Contactors.

## "Smart" Contactors

Safran Electrical \& Power is currently developing 175/60 amp packages for galleys, pumps, and primary load distribution. These contactors use the latest technologies, and can include current sensors for overcurrent protection and/or AFCI sensing. Internal / centralized electronics control are also features of these devices. Safran Electrical \& Power is continually looking for lower weight / size product solutions; a prime example being the 60 amp "Smart" contactor that is currently no bigger than a Safran Electrical \& Power 3-phase motor circuit protection device.

## 28Vdc Lightweight Contactors

Safran Electrical \& Power is also developing a new 28 V dc, 50-400 Amp contactor family whose focus is on the reduction of weight and cost. Bolt-on designs combine power terminations and mechanical mounting, and contain captive hardware for all mounting fasteners. Both Single Pole Single Throw and Single Pole Double Throw configurations are available with features such as SubD or sealed in-line connectors.

## Advanced Generator Contactors



Based upon the existing SM15 product line, a new AC Generator contactor line of products is emerging. These contactors have automatic control connector
mating and either Three Pole Single Throw or Three Pole Double Throw main contacts. Safran Electrical \& Power offers 115 VAC or 230 VAC $(350-800 \mathrm{~Hz})$ generator contactors that are bolt-on designs with SubD connectors and rated at either 260 amps or 430 amps . They are currently one of the smallest and lightest AC contactors in the aerospace generator relay market, accommodate Variable Frequency and double voltage aircraft architectures, and are suitable for either stand-alone applications or power distribution boxes.

## Power Distribution Boxes



Safran Electrical \& Power's proven component expertise and packaging capabilities have allowed ES\&C to become a subsystem supplier in both the commercial jet and military aircraft markets. An example of these competencies is evident in the development of ED\&C Power Distribution Boxes. A Power Distribution Box provides the next generation of $A C$ and DC power distribution and protection, whereby conventional relays, contactors, and circuit protection devices are incorporated into a densely packaged, single line replaceable assembly. Benefits of this type of bundled packaging include weight reduction, reduced maintenance labor time due to the line replaceable nature of these boxes, minimal program risk since commercially off the shelf components are
incorporated as often as possible into the design, significantly lower on-aircraft test time since they are tested to the customer acceptance testing standards prior to shipment, and reduced overall aircraft build time since Power Distribution Boxes support a centralized power distribution architecture.

Power Distribution Boxes (PDBs) are typically designed and manufactured for each of the main generators onboard an aircraft in order to provide power to various bus lines and aircraft systems, while other, separate Battery/ External PDBs can provide switching power to a standby power bus and several components such as overhead panels, service lights, and the emergency locator transmitter.

Safran Electrical \& Power has supplied customers with AC Power Distribution Boxes with features that direct outputs to high current loads, serve as power feeders to lower current circuit breakers, or act as current transformers to monitor all outputs. DC Power Distribution Boxes contain such features as Transformer Rectifier Units and Battery Contactors that direct outputs to high current loads, and incorporate Hall Effect sensors to monitor outputs. All Power Distribution Boxes can incorporate customized current carrying bus structures, and provide spare electrical power generation capacity to support future electrical systems growth.



Single Pole

- 28 VDC
- 115/200 VAC 400 Hz


Three Phase

- 115/200 VAC 400 Hz
- Three Phase Only


## Qualified

Qualified to demanding performance parameters of MIL- PRF - 83383 standard.

## Use as a Relay, Circuit Breaker, Or Both

RCCBs combine the best attributes of a circuit breaker and a relay. Automatically protects the wires and the load device during circuit/load breakdown, but allows the flight deck control of the load during normal operation.

## Weight and Cost Savings

In distributed-load applications, RCCBs are a more efficient power distribution solution promoting cost and weight savings through the elimination of long runs of heavy cables associated with the conventional relay - flight deck circuit protector method. Control of the RCCB requires only one \#22 AWG control wire from the ICU on the flight deck to the RCCB.

## Cockpit Space Savings

An RCCB system removes the presence of large circuit breakers from the cockpit while permitting remote On/Off operation from the flight deck. Combine Safran Electrical \& Power RCCB with Indicator Control Unit (ICU) model \#1500-052-05.

PERFORMANCE DATA

| Rupture Levels | 3600 A (115 VAC or 28VDC for 1 Pole and 115VAC for 3 Pol |
| :---: | :---: |
| Endurance <br> (Resistive \& Inductive (Motor) | 50,000 Cycles |
| Endurance (Motor) | 5-50A: 50,000 cycles; 60-100A: 25,000 cycles |
| Endurance (Lamp) | 5-25A: 50,000 cycles; 35-50A: 25,000 cycles; 60-100A: no rating |
| Dielectric Strength | 1500V, 60 Hz , MIL-STD-202, method 301, 0.5 MA max |
| Insulation Resistance | 100 mega ohm min, MIL-STD-202, method 302 |
| Thermal Temperature Range | $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.160^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. MIL-STD-202, Method 107 |
| Vibration | 10G's to 2000 Hz. Exceeds MIL-STD-202, Method 204, Condition C, 10 microseconds max. chatter |
| Shock | 25G's. MIL-STD-202, Method 213, 10 microseconds max. chatter |
| Altitude | 50,000 ft. |
| EMI Requirements | MIL-STD-461, Requirements CS114 and RE102 over the frequency range of 14 kHz to 400 MHz and RE102 limits for Aircraft and Space Systems. |
| EMI/RFI Susceptibility and Generation | MIL-STD-461, Class 1D |
| Moisture Resistance | MIL-STD-202, method 106 |
| Salt Spray Resistance | MIL-STD-202, method 101, Condition B |
| Sand and Dust Resistance | MIL-STD-202, method 110, Condition A |
| Fungus Resistance | MIL-HDBK-454, Guideline 4 |
| Explosion Proof | MIL-STD-202, method 109 |
| Weight (Single Pole) | 5-25A: 318 grams ( 0.703 lbs .); 35-50A: 325 grams ( 0.719 lbs .); 60100A: 332 grams ( 0.734 lbs. ) |
| Weight (w/ Auxiliary Contacts) | 5-25A: 332 grams ( 0.734 lbs .); 35-50A: 339 grams ( 0.750 lbs .); 60100A: 346 grams (0.766 lbs.) |
| Weight (Three Phase) | $2.0 \mathrm{lbs} . \max$. |

## OVERLOAD CALIBRATION DATA

|  | $@ \mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $@+\mathbf{7 1}^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |  | $@-\mathbf{5 4}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specification <br> Table | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | Test Time <br> Parameters |
| Must Hold | $115 \%$ |  | $115 \%$ |  | $115 \%$ |  | \% for 1 Hour |
| Must Trip |  | $138 \%$ |  | $138 \%$ |  | $150 \%$ | $\%$ Within 1 Hour |

## Engineering Data

Single Pole Single Throw (Double Break Contacts)

| Catalog Number ${ }^{\circledR}$ | Rated Contact Load (Amperes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MIL-PRF-83383 Part Number | Maximum Weight Oz/gm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 28 Vdc |  |  |  | 115/200 V 400 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Res. | Ind. | Motor | Lamp | Res. | Ind. | Motor | Lamp |  |  |
| SM600BA5A1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | M83383/02-01 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA5N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-02 | 11.25/318 |
| SM600BA10A1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | M83383/02-03 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA10N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-03 | 11.25/318 |
| SM600BA15A1 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | M83383/02-04 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA15N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-04 | 11.25/318 |
| SM600BA20A1 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | M83383/02-05 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA20N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-05 | 11.25/318 |
| SM600BA25A1 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | M83383/02-06 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA25N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-06 | 11.25/318 |
| SM600BA35A1 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | M83383/02-07 | 12.00/339 |
| SM600BA35N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-07 | 11.50/325 |
| SM600BA40A1 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | M83383/02-08 | 12.00/339 |
| SM600BA40N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-08 | 11.50/325 |
| SM600BA50A1 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | M83383/02-09 | 12.00/339 |
| SM600BA50N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-09 | 11.50/325 |
| SM600BA60A1 | 60 | 60 | 60 | - | 60 | 60 | 60 | - | M8338/02-10 | 12.25/346 |
| SM600BA60N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-10 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA75A1 | 75 | 75 | 75 | - | 75 | 75 | 75 | - | M83383/02-11 | 12.25/346 |
| SM600BA75N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-11 | 11.75/332 |
| SM600BA100A1 | 100 | 100 | 100 | - | 100 | 100 | 100 | - | M83383/02-13 | 12.25/346 |
| SM600BA100N1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M83383/01-13 | 11.75/332 |

## Three Pole Single Throw (Double Break Contacts)

| Catalog <br> Number | Rated Contact Load <br> (Amperes) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 5 / 2 0 0 ~ V ~ 4 0 0 ~ H z ~}$ |  |  | MIL-PRF-83383 |  |
|  | Res. | Ind. | Motor |  | Lart Number <br> PM601BA10A1 |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | M83383/04-03 |  |
| SM601BA15A1 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |  |
| SM601BA20A1 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | M83383/04-05 |
| SM601BA25A1 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |  |
| SM601BA35A1 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | M83383/04-07 |
| SM601BA40A1 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | M83383/04-08 |
| SM601BA50A1 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |  |
| SM601BA60A1 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | M83383/04-10 |

[^0] grounding, auxiliary switches, and mounting systems.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

|  |  | Single Pole Single Throw (Double Break Contacts) |  |  |  | Three Pole Single Throw (Double Break Contacts) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard |  | w/ Auxiliary Contacts |  | w/ Auxiliary Contacts |  |
| AMPERE RATING |  | MS P/N | Safran Electrical <br> \& Power P/N | MS P/N | Safran Electrical \& Power P/N | MS P/N | Safran Electrical \& Power P/N |
| 5 |  | M83383/01-01 | SM600BA5N1 | M83383/02-01 | SM600BA5A1 |  | ** |
| 7.5 |  |  | ** |  | ** |  | ** |
| 10 |  | M83383/01-03 | SM600BA10N1 | M83383/02-03 | SM600BA10A1 | M83383/04-03 | SM601BA10A1 |
| 15 |  | M83383/01-04 | SM600BA15N1 | M83383/02-04 | SM600BA15A1 |  | SM601BA15A1 |
| 20 |  | M83383/01-05 | SM600BA20N1 | M83383/02-05 | SM600BA20A1 | M83383/04-05 | SM601BA20A1 |
| 25 |  | M83383/01-06 | SM600BA25N1 | M83383/02-06 | SM600BA25A1 |  | SM601BA25A1 |
| 35 |  | M83383/01-07 | SM600BA35N1 | M83383/02-07 | SM600BA35A1 | M83383/04-07 | SM601BA35A1 |
| 40 |  | M83383/01-08 | SM600BA40N1 | M83383/02-08 | SM600BA40A1 | M83383/04-08 | SM601BA40A1 |
| 50 |  | M83383/01-09 | SM600BA50N1 | M83383/02-09 | SM600BA50A1 |  | SM601BA50A1 |
| 60 | * | M83383/01-10 | SM600BA60N1 | M83383/02-10 | SM600BA60A1 | M83383/04-10 | SM601BA60A1 |
| 75 | * | M83383/01-11 | SM600BA75N1 | M83383/02-11 | SM600BA75A1 |  |  |
| 80 | * |  | ** |  | ** |  |  |
| 100 | * | M83383/01-13 | SM600BA100N1 | M83383/02-13 | SM600BA100A1 |  |  |

All Ampere Ratings equal to Rated Contact Loads (Resistive, Inductive, Motor, and Lamp) except as noted.

* No Lamp Load Rating
** Contact Factory
Note: Contact factory on alternate amperage, trip times, control configuations, grounding, auxilary switches, mounting systems, etc.


## SINGLE POLE

## OVERLOAD CALIBRATION DATA

| Ratings | Percent Rated Current | Ambient Temperature Degrees C. $\pm 5^{\circ}$ | Tripping Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All | 115\% | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \& 71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | No Trip |
|  | 138\% |  | 1 Hour Max.* |
|  | 115\% | $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | No Trip |
|  | 150\% |  | 1 Hour Max.* |

* Must trip in one hour.


## OVERLOAD CALIBRATION DATA - SINGLE POLE

| AMPERE RATING | 200\% Trip Times $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 400\% Trip Times $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1000\% Trip Times $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| AMPERES | SECONDS | SECONDS | SECONDS | SECONDS | SECONDS | SECONDS |
| 5 | 7 | 40 | 1.2 | 6.4 | 0.3 | 1.2 |
| 7.5 | 11 | 40 | 2.4 | 6.8 | 0.33 | 1.1 |
| 10 | 12 | 42 | 2.8 | 8.5 | 0.42 | 1.05 |
| 15 | 13 | 45 | 1.7 | 8.3 | 0.35 | 1.2 |
| 20 | 14 | 46 | 2.9 | 7.6 | 0.4 | 1.15 |
| 25 | 15 | 50 | 2.6 | 8.7 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| 35 | 16 | 55 | 2.8 | 8.3 | 0.35 | 1.3 |
| 40 | 16 | 55 | 2.9 | 9.2 | 0.36 | 1.3 |
| 50 | 13 | 55 | 2.9 | 10 | 0.4 | 1.25 |
| 60 | 13 | 60 | 2.6 | 13 | 0.26 | 1.8 |
| 75 | 13 | 60 | 2.5 | 13 | 0.26 | 1.8 |
| 80 | 14 | 60 | 2.7 | 12.5 | 0.3 | 2 |
| 100 | 17 | 63 | 3.5 | 13 | 0.38 | 1.9 |

## TRIP CURVE

Contact business unit for trip curve.

## TRIPLE POLE

## OVERLOAD CALIBRATION DATA

| Ratings | Percent <br> Rated Current | Ambient Temperature <br> Degrees C. $\pm 5^{\circ}$ | Tripping Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All | $115 \%$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \& 71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | No Trip |
|  | $138 \%$ |  | 1 Hour Max.* |
|  | $115 \%$ | $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | No Trip <br>  |

* Must trip in one hour.


## OVERLOAD CALIBRATION DATA - THREE POLE

| AMPERE RATING | 200\% Trip Times $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 400\% Trip Times $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1000\% Trip Times $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMPERES | $\begin{gathered} \text { MIN } \\ \text { SECONDS } \end{gathered}$ | MAX SECONDS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MIN } \\ & \text { SECONDS } \end{aligned}$ | MAX SECONDS | $\begin{gathered} \text { MIN } \\ \text { SECONDS } \end{gathered}$ | MAX SECONDS |
| 10 | 12 | 80 | 2.8 | 11 | 0.42 | 1.3 |
| 15 | 13 | 80 | 1.7 | 10 | 0.35 | 1.2 |
| 20 | 14 | 80 | 2.9 | 9.6 | 0.4 | 1.15 |
| 25 | 15 | 80 | 2.6 | 10 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| 35 | 16 | 80 | 2.8 | 11 | 0.35 | 1.3 |
| 40 | 16 | 80 | 2.6 | 10 | 0.36 | 1.3 |
| 50 | 13 | 80 | 2.9 | 10 | 0.4 | 1.25 |
| 60 | 13 | 80 | 2.4 | 16 | 0.26 | 1.8 |

## Engineering Data Application Note



## Typical Wiring Diagrams



## Engineering Data

## Approximate Dimensions - 1 Pole



## Options

- Special application auxiliary switches
- Unique grounding
- Power sources
- Other current ratings
- Control via systems other than I/CU
- Low level auxiliary contacts available
- Data Bus/Interface capability available
- Electronically held coil
- Moisture resistant sealing


## Three Pole



## Coil Operate Current/Set And Trip Time RCCB

| Circuits | Nominal System Voltage | I/CU Set <br> Current <br> @ Nom <br> Voltage (Mulliamp) | Set Coil <br> Current <br> @ Nom <br> Voltage <br> Pulse | MAX. Set Time |  | *//CU. Trip Current Nominal |  |  |  |  | MAX. <br> Standby Current Milliamp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Nominal Voltage \& Room Temp. | ```Most Adverse Condition - MIN. Voltage \(71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\). Ambient``` |  <br> Nominal Voltage |  <br> Nominal <br> Voltage | Room Temp. Nominal Voltage |  <br> Nominal Voltage |  <br> Nominal Voltage |  |
| 1 Pole | $\begin{gathered} 28 \mathrm{Vdc} \\ (18 \text { volts MIN.) } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | 3.0 AMP MAX | 20 Millisec | 35 Millisec | 1.4 AMP | 1.9 AMP | 1.6 AMP | $\underset{* * *}{0.9 \mathrm{AMP}}$ | 2.1 AMP | 10 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 115 \mathrm{Vac} \\ 400 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{(104} \mathrm{V.} \\ \text { MIN. } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | 10 AMP MAX | 15 Millisec | 30 Millisec | $\underset{* *}{6.8} \text { AMP }$ | 6.3 AMP | $\underset{* *}{8.6} \underset{\text { AMP }}{ }$ | 6.1 AMP | $\underset{* *}{7.0 \mathrm{AMP}}$ | 10 |
| 3 Pole | $\begin{gathered} 28 \mathrm{Vdc} \\ (18 \mathrm{volts} \mathrm{MIN.)} \\ 115 \mathrm{Vac} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 7.0 AMP } \\ \text { MAX } \end{gathered}$ | 20 Millisec | 35 Millisec | 1.5 AMP | 2.0 AMP | 1.7 AMP | $\underset{* * *}{0.9 \mathrm{AMP}}$ | 2.2 AMP | 10 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 400 \mathrm{~Hz}(104 \mathrm{~V} . \\ \text { MIN.) } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 13.0 AMP } \\ & \text { MAX } \end{aligned}$ | 15 Millisec | 30 Millisec | $4.3 \text { AMP }$ | 3.3 AMP | $4.5 \mathrm{AMP}$ | $\underset{* *}{4.0 \mathrm{AMP}}$ | 3.1 AMP | 10 |

[^1]Current Decreases $\mathrm{w} /$ Time so that $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$
${ }^{* * *}$ Absolute Min. Value from $-54^{\circ}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Engineering Data

## Description

The Remote Control Circuit Breakers (RCCB) concept, as load controllers in distributedload applications, provides for a more efficient power distribution system with less line loss at a lower cost and with less weight than the conventional relay-flight deck circuit protector method.

Designed to meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-83383, the RCCB's capability and advantages include:

- Fusible link fail safe
- Remote on/off operation from the flight deck
- Visual indicators for open (green) and closed (red) on top surface
- Substantial reduction in weight and size
- Most direct route from power source to load
- Single wire control line from I/CU to RCCB
- Double-break power contact assembly
- Indication of trip or set by position of the $1 / 2$ ampere circuit breaker on the flight deck
- Elimination of long runs of heavy and costly cables
- Magnetically latched coils (low power consumption)
- Use as a relay or circuit breaker or both
- Flanges mate for in-line or side-by-side mounting
- 1PST for DC or single phase AC
- 3PST for three phase AC only


## Application

The Remote Control Circuit Breaker (RCCB) is a combination relay and circuit breaker which can be released or set by applying a release or set coil current electronically controlled
by a command from the Indicator/Control Unit (I/CU) (a $1 / 2$ ampere fast trip, thermal circuit breaker).
With power available to terminal \#4 and/or terminal A1 (28 Vdc or 115 V 400 Hz ) on 1PST RCCB: to terminal \#4 ( $28 \mathrm{Vdc} \mathrm{)} \mathrm{and/}$ or both terminals B 1 and C 1 $(115 \mathrm{~V} 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) on 3PST RCCB, the RCCB will assume the state requested/indicated by the I/CU. If power is removed from terminal \#4 and A1 on 1PST or from terminal \#4 and both B1 and C1 on 3PST, the RCCB will remain in the state it was in prior to power removal. When power is reapplied to the terminals, the RCCB will assume the state indicated by the $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{CU}$.

With the RCCB closed, an overload or fault current on any line or lines will cause the RCCB to trip and in turn will cause a controlled overload of the I/CU, causing it to trip also. A fault or overload on any power contact will cause the RCCB to trip open within the time limits specified regardless of the availability of coil power. To reclose the RCCB, the I/CU line (line 3 to ground) must be opened by the I/CU or series switch and reconnected to ground.

## Other Performance Parameters For MIL-PRF-83383

- Coordination. An overload applied to two devices in series with a 2 to 1 current rating will result in only the lower rated device opening.
- Rupture capability to 3600 A (115 Vac rms or 28 Vdc for SM600BA and 115 Vac rms for SM601BA series)
- Dielectric. 1500 V, 60 Hz, MIL-STD-202, Test Method 301, 0.5 MA maximum

- Explosion-proof. MIL-STD-202, Test Method 109
- Thermal Temperature Range. $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to 160 ${ }^{\circ}$ F). MIL-STD-202, Test Method 107
- Insulation Resistance. MIL-STD-202, Test Method 302, 100 Megohms minimum
- Aircraft Electrical Power. MIL-STD-704
- Vibration. 10 g's to 2000 Hz . MIL-STD-202, Test Method 204. Condition $\mathrm{C}\left(-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Maximum duration of contact transfer to uncommanded state: $10 \times 10^{-6}$ seconds.
- Shock. 25 g's. MIL-TD-202, Test Method 213. Maximum duration of contact transfer to uncommanded state: $10 \times 10^{-6}$ seconds.
- Altitude. 50,000 feet
- EMI, MIL-STD-461, Class 1D
- Moisture Resistance. MIL-STD-202, Test Method 106
- Fungus Resistance. MIL-STD454, Guideline 4
- Sand and Dust Resistance. MIL-STD-202, Test Method 110, Test Condition A
- Salt Spray Resistance. MIL-STD-202, Test Method 101, Test Condition B


## Single Pole

- 28 VDC
- 115/200 VAC 400 Hz


## Three Phase

- 115/200 VAC 400 Hz
- Three Phase Only


## Qualified

Meets MIL-PRF-83383

## Weight and Cost Savings

Saves fuel by eliminating long
runs of heavy, costly cables

## Space Savings

Keeps larger breakers out of cockpit

## RCCB System for Remote Operation

To form an RCCB system enabling remote On/Off operation from the flight deck, combine the Safran Electrical \& Power RCCB with Indicator Control Unit (ICU) model \#1500-053-05 on pg. 13.

## Single Wire from Flight Deck

Control of the RCCB requires only one \#22 AWG control wire from the ICU on the flight deck to the RCCB.

## Use as a Relay, Circuit Breaker, or Both

Combines the best attributes of a circuit breaker and a relay. Automatically protects the wires and the load device during circuit/load breakdown, but allows the flight deck control of the load during normal operation.

## Design Concept

## Introduction

Part of the weight of the modern jet aircraft comes from the electrical wires and power control systems needed to distribute the electrical energy As these aircraft increase their passenger carrying capability, the electrical power management system becomes more complex and could become heavier. Wire runs of more than 300 feet from the flight deck circuit breakers to the load become common.
Utilization of Safran Electrical \& Power's Remote Controlled Circuit Breakers (RCCB) close to the load or power source will eliminate much of these long, heavy, and expensive wire/ cable. Control of the RCCB requires only one \#22 AWG control wire from the flight deck to the RCCB.
Weight reduction, directly from wire use and indirectly from (generator) line heat loss, and installation and maintenance cost reductions becomes significant.
The RCCB combines the best attributes of a circuit breaker and a relay. The RCCB automatically protects the wires and the load device during circuit/load breakdown, but allows flight deck control of the load during normal operation.

## Operation

The RCCB is basically a relay and a circuit breaker and allows the utilization of each identity singularly or in combination, depending upon the application. All of the RCCB's capabilities apply in either application.

It can be employed as a relay located adjacent to its load and remotely operated much like relays are today through control wiring and a switching device in the flight deck.
It can also be utilized as a circuit breaker and mounted adjacent to the load, the power source, or even the flight deck.


Figure 1

## Single Pole RCCB

## Motor Operation

Figure 1 depicts a simplified presentation of the RCCB.
Figure 2 describes the "motor", which when "energized", will result in typical armature transfer operation.
The magnetic circuit utilizes a permanent magnet as a fulcrum and latch for the rocking armature and uses electromagnets (coils) at each end of the armature stroke for transfer purpose. In the set position
(Figure 2), the flux generated by the permanent magnet follows a patch from the top of the permanent magnet through the armature, through the left leg of the electro-magnet and back to the permanent magnet.
When the coil T1 -T2 is energized, the flux generated is such that it "flows" through the permanent magnet in the same direction as the flux
magnet itself. Its path now, however, is through the right leg of the electro-magnet. The flux generated by the electro-magnet increases in magnitude as power is applied, and as the flux builds up in the path through the right leg of the electromagnet, the flux tending to latch the armature in the left leg of the electro-magnet becomes very small in comparison. The armature then "transfers" and seals at the pole face of the right leg of the electro-magnet.
The cutthroat contact B in series with coil T1 -T2 is opened by mechanical actuation due to the armature movement. In Figure 2, a "dotted extension" of the armature represents the mechanical actuator of the cutthroat contacts. In actual design, this is accomplished more conveniently through only one armature extension and an appropriate actuator which drives both contacts $B$ and $A$.


Figure 2

The opening of contact B occurs in the last several thousandths of an inch travel of the armature movement. After coil opening, the armature movement continues (until it seats i.e. seals), due in some degree to the inertia of the armature, but mostly due to the magnetomotive force of the permanent magnet in conjunction with the decreasing air gap at the right pole face.

The device now is again in a stable position, but the armature has transferred and the following conditions exist:

Contact A is closed and contact $B$ is open, and the armature is sealed and latched at the right leg of the electro-magnet. To transfer the armature to its original position, energizing the coil S1-S 2 allows the process described above to occur in the opposite direction.

There are a number of advantages to this design approach of the "motor."

1. The coils open upon transfer of the armature; hence, the actual "on time" or duty cycle approximately equals the operate time of the relay. Accordingly, the coil can be driven hard without fear of burnout. The "hot coil" with the low timer constant results, in turn, in fast operate times.
2. Using intermittent duty coils (smaller coils with less copper) results in less weight and smaller sizes.
3. Power is conserved. This is important for two reasons. If a relay is to use power, it must be available. In some of the present day and future vehicles, power remains an expensive commodity, and elimination of coil power drawing (10-35 watts) in power devices can add up
especially when vehicles sophistication requires use of a significant number of these devices. Also, it must be remembered that power utilized by relay coils generate heat which must be dissipated. The necessary elimination of this heat, in turn, requires the use of additional energy from the main power source.
4. As indicated, the cutthroat contacts are opened by the armature mechanically during the last several thousandths of an inch travel of armature movement. Note: In actual RCCB, the cutthroat contacts function is replaced by electronic control of coil on time.

## RCCB Operation As A Relay

To examine the RCCB operation as a relay, refer to Figure $\mathbf{3}$ and 4. The device is shown in the set position in Figure 3 and in the tripped position in Figure 4. The circuit path is from L2, through the bimetal to one of the stationary contacts. L1 is connected directly to the other stationary contact.

The movable bridge closes the circuit by bridging between the two stationary contacts.

As can be seen, movement of the armature about its fulcrum will determine the position of the contacts. When coil S1-S 2 has been energized such that the armature seals on the left-hand pole face (Figure 3), the mechanical linkage system closes the contacts. Conversely, when coil T1-T 2 has been energized, such that the armature seals on the righthand pole face (Figure 4), the relay contacts will open due to the spring forces exerted by compression spring K .


Figure 3


Figure 4


Figure 5
Note: there is an "upward force" directed on the lever $L$ through the linkage tying into the armature at point $D$. During operation as a relay, point $C$ (interface between lever $L$ and latch bar I) is "fixed" in place, and the lever $L$ actually rotates about point $C$ when moving the contact structure from the opening to the closed, and from the closed to the open position.

Note that the coil U1-U2 is connected in parallel with T1-T2. It is wound on the left-hand core of the electro-magnet such that when energized along with T1-T2, the force it generates will be in a direction opposing the latching force generated in that core by the permanent magnet.

The utilization of a permanent magnet and intermittent duty coils, in conjunction with cutthroat contacts, allows a considerable reduction in copper and iron from that normally required in electro-magnets for continuous duty operation.

## RCCB Operation as a Circuit Breaker

To examine the operation of the device as a breaker, refer to

## Figures 3, 4, and 5.

In Figure 3, the device is shown in the closed contact position (presumably) carrying rated current. Should an overload occur, currents greater than rated currents now "flow" through the device "entering" through L2, passing through the bimetal, through the connection of the bimetal to one stationary contact, through the bridging moveable contact structure, to the other stationary contact, and "out" through L1.

Depending upon the size of the overload, the bimetal will begin to deflect as shown in Figure 5 until the actuating end of the bimetal engages latch H at point J .

Motion and force due to the deflection of the bimetal moves latch H such that it rotates in a counter-clockwise direction around its pivot point $E$.

When latch $H$ has moved an adequate distance, the upward force of lever L, applied at point C to latch bar I, will rotate latch
bar I counter-clockwise around its pivot point $G$. This allows the main lever $L$ to rotate clockwise around point $D$ (where it is engaged with the armature) due to the "contact return" spring (compression spring) force K acting upon the moveable contact bridge.

Note that when this overload occurs, the armature is not transferred to the "off" (tripped) position, but instead remains in the latched position normally associated with the "on" (set) position of the device.

To "reset" the device after the fault or overload clears could be readily accomplished by energizing the "trip" coil (T1T2) through a toggle or pushbutton switch (see Figure 1) located in the flight deck. The armature would then transfer and seal on the right-hand core of the electro-magnet, which is the "open" position shown in
Figure 4. At that time, springs M and N (tension springs) would reposition latch bar I and latch H to the position shown in Figure 4, providing that the bimetal has now cooled sufficiently and returned to its original position as shown in Figure 4. At this stage, the RCCB is still in an "open position" i.e. (the contacts are open), but as outlined above, the fault or overload has been cleared through action and operation of the device through bimetallic activity, i.e. "Circuit Breaker" operation.

To re-close the contacts, it is now only necessary to energize coils S1-S2 and re-establish a mechanism position similar to that shown in Figure 3. If the fault of overload condition is still in existence, the device would again trip through bimetallic activity as just described.


Figure 6

## Three Pole RCCB

The design principles employed in the 3-pole RCCB have followed many of the same paths utilized in the 1-pole RCCB. Differences other than the obvious, such as size, weight, shape, etc., are explained below.

## Motor Operation

The principles of motor operation and construction of the three pole devices are similar to those employed in the single pole RCCB. In the 3-pole device, the AC operating power is drawn from two of the three
phases. The "off" time between the single pole devices. current pulses during coil energization is approximately 0.4 milliseconds. In comparison, the "off" time for single-phase power is approximately 1.25 milliseconds. See Figure 6.

The timing circuit establishes a coil "on" time longer than the actual transfer time of the armature. The operation of the 3 -pole RCCB is identical to the 1-pole.

## Control Circuit

Refer to Figure 7. There is one minor difference in operating principles and parameters from

The difference is the addition of a power junction area in the electronics. (see Figure 7). The 3-pole RCCB is designed for use in 3-phase circuits and is a 400 Hz AC load controller. The power junction is designed to use AC power only. DC operate (coil) power may be used even though AC loads are to be controlled. This connection is made at terminal 4 of the IWTS connector. In Figure 7, two separate power junctions are shown: one for AC and one for DC. In the event both AC and DC are connected to the RCCB, only $A C$ would be utilized by the
logic circuit. Should AC power be lost, the DC connection would automatically take over the control function.

The other differences between 1 -phase and 3 -phase control circuitry, i.e. timer addition, is directly related as described in the above Motor Operation section.



## Electronic Current Sensing

The electronic over current sensing of these devices offer several advantages over the bi-metal sensing RCCB. Trip current levels can be closely controlled, for better protection of sensitive loads, trip times are faster, and both can be customized for specific applications. Other advantages included less heat buildup, and higher current capabilities in the same small package.

## Use as a Relay, Circuit Breaker, Or Both

RPCs, like RCCBs, combine the best attributes of a circuit breaker and a relay. Automatically protects the wires and the load device during circuit/load breakdown, but allows the flight deck control of the load during normal operation.

## Weight and Cost Savings

In distributed-load applications, RPCs are a more efficient power distribution solution promoting cost and weight savings through the elimination of long runs of heavy cables associated with the conventional relay - flight deck circuit protector method. Control of the RPC requires only one \#22 AWG control wire from the ICU (model \#1500-053-05) on the flight deck to the RPC.

| PERFORMANCE DATA |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rupture Levels | 2500 A (28VDC) |
| Endurance (Resistive) | 50,000 Cycles |
| Endurance (Inductive and Motor) 25,000 cycles |  |
| Endurance (Lamp) | No Rating |
| Mechanical Life | 100,000 cycles |
| Dielectric Strength | Sea Level-VRMS .2-3 seconds: Coil to Case - 1250 initial. 1,000 After Life, All other Points 1,800 Initial, 1350 After Life 50,000 ft - VRMS 1 Minute: Coil to Case 500 Initial \& After Life. All other Points 700 Initial \& After Life |
| Insulation Resistance | 1100 Megaohms initial, 50 Megohms after Life, MIL-STD-202, method 302 , test condition $B$ |
| Thermal Temperature Range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-67^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. |
| Vibration | Sinusoidal 5 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}: 0.08 \mathrm{DA} ; 10 \mathrm{TO} 55 \mathrm{~Hz}: 0.06 \mathrm{DA} ; 55$ to 2000 Hz: 10G's |
| Shock | 50G's. (1/2 sine, 10-12 ms) |
| Altitude | 50,000 ft. Maximum |
| EMI Requirements | MIL-STD-461, Requirements CS114 and RE102 over the frequenc range of 14 kHz to 400 MHz and RE102 limits for Aircraft and Space Systems |
| Moisture Resistance | MIL-STD-202, method 106 |
| Salt Spray Resistance | MIL-STD-202, method 101, Condition B |
| Sand and Dust Resistance | MIL-STD-202, method 110, Condition A |
| Fungus Resistance | MIL-HDBK-454, Guideline 4 |
| Explosion Proof | MIL-STD-202, method 109 |
| Weight (Standard) | 425.017 grams (0.937 lbs.) |

## OVERLOAD DATA

| \% Rated <br> Current | Trip in Seconds <br> $-\mathbf{5 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ to $+\mathbf{8 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | No Trip |
| $125 \%$ | 45 Sec. Trip |
| $200 \%$ | 0.22 Sec. Trip |
| $400 \%$ | 0.095 Sec. Trip |

ORDERING INFORMATION
Single Pole Single Throw (Double Break Contacts)

|  |  | Rated Contact Load (Amperes) <br> 28VDC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMPERE | Safran Electrical | Motor |  |  |  |
| RATING | \& Power P/N | Res. | Ind. | Min. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ | SM600BA125A1 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | SM600BA150A1 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{1 7 5}$ | SM600BA175A1 | 175 | 150 | 175 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ | SM600BA200A1 | 200 | 150 | 175 | 5 |

## Notes:

- One auxiliary contact included on each unit
- Contact Business Unit on Alternate Amperages, Trip Times, Control Configurations, Grounding, Auxiliary Switches, Mounting Systems, etc.


## Engineering Data

## Approximate Dimensions-1 Pole



## Typical Wiring Diagram

## Approximate Dimensions



COIL OPERATE CURRENT/SET AND TRIP TIME

| Nominal | I/C Set | Set Coil | MAX. Set Time |  | *//CU. Trip Current Nominal |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| System <br> Voltage | Current @ Nom. Voltage (milliamp) | Current <br> @ Nom <br> Voltage <br> Pulse | Nominal Voltage @ Room Temp | Most Adverse Condition-Min. Voltage $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient | $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and <br> Nominal <br> Voltage | $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and Nominal Voltage | Room Temp and Nominal Voltage | Max. <br> Standby Current (milliamp) |
| $\begin{gathered} 28 \text { VDC } \\ (18 \text { volts } \\ \text { Min) } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | 3.7 Amp | 20 Millisec | 35 Millisec | 1.76 Amp | 1.25 Amp | 1.89 Amp | 30 |

Typical Characteristics

## Specifications

- Design to meet the general requirements of MIL-R-6106 Type II continuous Duty Unsealed
- Contacts are covered \& gasketed
- Double break contacts
- All units are thermal breaker compatible at rated relay resistive load
- Some models available with auxiliary circuits
- Gold-plated auxiliary contacts for low-level applications available
- Auxiliary contacts ratings: $28 \mathrm{Vdc}: 5 \mathrm{amps}$ resistive

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 \text { amps inductive } \\
& 2.5 \mathrm{amps} \text { lamp }
\end{aligned}
$$

Ratings Per MIL-R-6106:

- Salt spray, humidity, accelera tion, sand \& dust, intermediate current
- Vibration:

5 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-.08 \mathrm{DA}$ 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}-.05$ DA
55 to $500 \mathrm{~Hz}-2.0 \mathrm{~g}$ 's

- Shock: 25 g's (6-9 MS ½ sine wave)
- Life: (-55 to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

50,000 cycles electrical at
full rated load
100,000 cycles mechanical
tested at $25 \%$ rated load

- Altitude: 50,000 feet

| Part Number | Rated Contact Load |  |  |  | Rupture Current | Contact Rating |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 28 Vdc |  |  |  |  | Intermittent Power |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 28 Vdc |
|  | Res. | Ind. | Motor | Intermediate |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { Minute } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{1}{\text { Minute }}$ | Max. ${ }^{6}$ Inrush |
| SM100D2 | 100 | 80 | 100 | 4 |  | 1000 | 130 | 150 | 200 | 600 |
| SM100D3 | 100 | 80 | 100 | 4 | 1000 | 130 | 150 | 200 | 600 |
| SM150D1 | $150{ }^{(5)}$ | 50 | $150{ }^{(1)}$ | 15 | 1200 | 195 | 225 | 300 | 900 |
| SM150D2 | $150{ }^{(5)}$ | 50 | $150{ }^{(1)}$ | 15 | 1200 | 195 | 225 | 300 | 900 |
| SM150D3 | $150{ }^{\text {5 }}$ | 50 | $150{ }^{(1)}$ | 15 | 1200 | 195 | 225 | 300 | 900 |
| SM150D4 | $150{ }^{\text {® }}$ | 50 | $150{ }^{(1)}$ | 15 | 1200 | 195 | 225 | 300 | 900 |
| SM150D5 ${ }^{(3)}$ | 150 | 50 | $150{ }^{(1)}$ | 15 | 1200 | 195 | 225 | 300 | 900 |
| SM200D1 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 20 | 2000 | 260 | 300 | 400 | 1200 |
| SM200D2 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 20 | 2000 | 260 | 300 | 400 | 1200 |
| SM200D3 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 20 | 2000 | 260 | 300 | 400 | 1200 |
| SM400D1 | 400 | 100 | 400 | 40 | 4000 | 520 | 600 | 800 | 2400 |
| SM400D2 | 400 | 100 | 400 | 40 | 4000 | 520 | 600 | 800 | 2400 |
| SM400D3 | 400 | 100 | 400 | 40 | 4000 | 520 | 600 | 800 | 2400 |
| SM1000D11 ${ }^{(9)}$ | 1000 | - | - | 50 | 6000 | 1200 | 1500 | 2000 | $2500{ }^{(10)}$ |
| ${ }^{(1)} 600$ Amp make, 200 Amp break |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{(2)}$ Duty cycle: 1 minute on, 1 minute off; 1 minute on, 20 minutes off |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{(3)}$ Maximum vibration 2000 Hz 2 g 's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{(4)}$ Duty cycle: 1.5 minutes on, 3 minutes off |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{5}$ Will carry 200 Amps at $20 \%$ on duty cycle per minute |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Maximum inrush provided coil voltage as noted is maintained |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{(2)}$ Operate time at $28 \mathrm{Vdc} \& 25 \mathrm{deg} . \mathrm{C}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{8}$ Contact bounce is average of 5 conse cutive ratings. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{(9)}$ Available in normal closed circuit. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (11) 1 sec . on, 60 sec . off |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Circuit Diagrams



## Typical Characteristics

(Figures 1 through 8)
(For additional details, contact your local Safran Electrical \& Power Technical Sales Representative)


- Power Contact Voltage Drop: Initial 0.15 V After Life Test: 0.175 V
- Insulation Resistance: Initial 200 Meg ohm.
- After Life Test: 100 Meg ohm

Dielectric Withstanding Voltage:

### 2.5 Seconds Sea Level

Initial: 1250 V
After Life Test: 1000 V
Power Contacts: 650 V

| Contact Transfer Milliseconds, Max. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Coil Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Op. }{ }^{(6)} \\ & \text { Time } \end{aligned}$ | Rel. <br> Time | Contact Bounce ${ }^{8}$ | Poles \& Throw | Weight Lbs./gm | Circuit Dia. | Dimension Fig. | Res. (OHMS) | Max. <br> Volts Pick Up | Max <br> Volts- <br> Drop Out | Duty Cycle | Mounting | Auxiliary Termination | Part Number |
| 35 | 15 | 6 | SPST/NO | 0.6/272 | 1 | 1 | 94.2 | 18 | 7 to 1.5 | Cont | Side | - | SM100D2 |
| 35 | 15 | 6 | SPST/NO | 0.6/272 | 1 | 2 | 94.2 | 18 | 7 to 1.5 | Cont | Top | - | SM100D3 |
| 40 | 15 | 5 | SPST/NO | 0.95/430 | 2 | 3 | 82.7 | 16.5 | 1 to 7 | Cont | B | Screw | SM150D1 |
| 40 | 15 | 5 | SPST/NO | 0.95/430 | 2 | 3 | 82.7 | 16.5 | 1 to 7 | Cont | B | IWTS | SM150D2 |
| 15 | 12 | 5 | SPDT | 1.25/567 | 3 | 4 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 0.2 to 3 | Inter ${ }^{(2)}$ | B | Screw | SM150D3 |
| 15 | 12 | 5 | SPDT | 1.25/567 | 3 | 4 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 0.2 to 3 | Inter ${ }^{(2)}$ | B | IWTS | SM150D4 |
| 40 | 15 | 5 | SPDT | 1.25/567 | 3 | 4 | 60 | 18 | 0.6 to 8.5 | Cont | B | Screw | SM150D5 |
| 25 | 10 | 2.5 | SPST/NO | 1.3/588 | 2 | 5 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | Cont | Side | Lug | SM200D1 |
| 25 | 10 | 2.5 | SPST/NO | 1.3/588 | 2 | 6 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | Cont | B | Lug | SM200D2 |
| 25 | 18 | 5 | SPST/NO | 1.3/588 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 7.5 | 0.5 to 3 | Inter ${ }^{(4)}$ | B | Lug | SM200D3 |
| 40 | 15 | 10 | SPST/NO | 2.6/1177 | 2 | 7 | 60 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | Cont | Side | Lug | SM400D1 |
| 40 | 15 | 10 | SPST/NO | 2.6/1177 | 2 | 8 | 60 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | Cont | B | Lug | SM400D2 |
| 20 | 15 | 10 | SPST/NO | 2.6/1177 | 2 | 8 | 10 | 7.0 | 0.5 to 3 | Inter ${ }^{(4)}$ | B | Lug | SM400D3 |
| 60 | 30 | 3 | SPST/NO | 4/1810 | 1 | 9 | 38 | 18 | 1 to 7 | Cont | Side | - | SM1000D11 |

${ }^{(1)} 600$ Amp make, 200 Amp break
${ }^{(2)}$ Duty cycle: 1 minute on, 1 minute off; 1 minute on, 20 minutes off
${ }^{(3)}$ Maximum vibration 2000 Hz 2 g's
${ }^{(4)}$ Duty cycle: 1.5 minutes on, 3 minutes off
${ }^{(5}$ Will carry 200 Amps at $20 \%$ on duty cycle per minute
${ }^{( }$Maximum inrush provided coil voltage as noted is maintained
${ }^{(2)}$ Operate time at $28 \mathrm{Vdc} \& 25 \mathrm{deg}$. C .
${ }^{8}$ Contact bounce is average of 5 consecutive ratings.
${ }^{(®)}$ Available in normal closed circuit.

## Dimensions (See next page for other dimension figures)

Figure 9


Insulation Resistance:
Initial: 100 Meg ohms
After Life Test: 50 Meg ohms
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage:
(2.5 Seconds Sea Level)

Initial: 1250 V
After Life Test: 1000 V



Unit Shown Without Auxiliary Contacts

Life at 1000 Amps limited to 10,000 cycles. Life at 50 Amps is 50,000 cycles minimum. Rupture life is 20 cycles at 6000 Amps. This unit is available with inverted terminals, bottom mounting, available with normally closed power contacts, and DPDT auxiliary circuits.

## Dimension Figures

Figure 1


Unit Shown Without Auxiliary Contacts
SM100D2

Figure 2


Unit Shown Without Auxiliary Contacts
SM100D3

Figure 3


Figure 4


## POWER RELAYS — GASKET SEALED - 100 AMPS TO 1,000 AMPS

## Dimension Figures

Figure 5


SM200D1
Figure 7


SM400D1

Figure 6


SM200D2
SM200D3
Figure 8


## General Specifications

- Designed to MIL-R-6106
- Type II Unsealed Continuous Duty
- Type III Unsealed Intermittent Duty
- Covered/Gasketed Contact Area
- Twin-break Silver Alloy Contacts
- Meets Explosion, Humidit, Salt, Spray, Sand, and Dust requirements.
- Altitude: 50,000 feet
- Shock: 25 g's $1 / 2$ Sine 6 to 9 milliseconds
- Maximum contact opening: 2 milliseconds
- Acceleration: 10 g's
- Vibration Limits:
-5 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}: 0.8$ in DA
- 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}: 0.6$ in DA
- 55 to $2000 \mathrm{~Hz}: 2$ g's
- Temperature Range: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Insulation Resistance:
- 100 megohm minimum initially
- 50 megohm minimum after tests
- Dielectric:
- 1250 Vac minimum initially
- 1000 Vac minimum after tests
- Life:
- Electrical Operations: 50,000 cycles
- Mechanical Operations at 25\% of Rated Resistive Load: 100,000 cycles
- Minimum Current: 10\% of Rated DC Resistive Load
- Intermittent Duty Ratings:
- \% of Rated Resistive
- Time On in Minutes
- Cooling time is required between successive over load applications.


## Intermittent Duty Ratings

| Minutes |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15 | 5 | 1 | Inrush |
| $130 \%$ | $150 \%$ | $200 \%$ | $600 \%$ |
| Rupture Time Per MIL-R-6106 |  |  |  |

(Coil Voltage must be maintained at rated value)

- Options:
- Other Coil Voltage
- Alternate Mountings
- MIL-STD-461 applies to AC operated coils.
- See drawing for additional applicable details.


## Special Service Use

## Mechanical Interlock/Type Service

| Part <br> Number | Reversing | Transfer | Dynamic <br> Braking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9565 H 29 | $X$ | $X$ | - |
| 6046 H 39 | $X$ | - | $X$ |
| 6046 H 46 | $\times$ | $X$ | - |
| 6046 H 53 | $\times$ | $X$ | - |



Cat N. 6041H217

- SPST rated 400 Amp resistive and motor at 28 Vdc continuous duty with top mounting.
- MS24185-D1-2.6 Lbs/ 1179gm


Cat N. 6041H202

- SPST rated 200 Amp resistive and motor at 28 Vdc continuous duty with side mounting.
- MS24171-D2-1.25 Lbs/ 567gm


Cat N. 6041H209

- 2 PST rated 100 Amp resistive at 28 Vdc and 75 amperes $115 / 200 \mathrm{~V}$ 400 Hz intermittent duty with top mounting.
- AN-3392-1-1.5 Lbs/ 680 gm


Cat N. 6041H201

- SPST rated 50 Amp resistive, inductive and motor at 28 Vdc continuous duty with side mounting.
- MS24166-D2-0.5 Lbs/ 225 gm


Cat N. 9565H2

- 3 PST rated 25 Amp resistive, inductive and motor at 28 Vdc and $115 / 200 \mathrm{~V} 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ continuous duty cycle with base mounting.
- MS24192-D1-1.1 Lbs/ 499 gm


## Reversing and Dynamic Braking Relay



Cat N. 6046H39

- Control of split field series motors.
- SPST see circuit diagram 6 for details.
- Rated 28 Vdc 50 Amp N.O., 25 Amp N.C
- 2.9 Lbs./1315 gm

| Safran Electrical \& Power Part Number | Government Part Number | Continuous Power Contacts, Ratings |  |  |  |  |  | Contacts Operate Milliseconds, Maximum |  |  | Poles \&Throw | Weight Lbs./GMS | Coil Data |  |  |  |  | Mounting | Coil Voltage Nominal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 28VDC |  |  | 115/200 VAC 400 Hz . |  |  |  |  | Contact Bounce |  |  | Circuit Dia./ Dim. Figure | Resistance (OHMS) $\pm$ 10\% Pickup/ Sealed | Volts Pickup ${ }^{\text {(5) }}$ | Volts Dropout ${ }^{6}$ | Duty Cycle |  |  |
|  |  | RES. | IND. | MOTOR | RES. | IND. | MOTOR | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { OP. } \\ & \text { TIME } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { REL } \\ & \text { TIME } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9565H2 | MS24192-D2 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 6 | 3PST | 1.1/498 | 10/11 | / 60 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | BASE | 28 dc |
| 9565H29 | MS24152-D1 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 6 | 3PDT | 2/909.09 | 16/11 | 22/92 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | BASE | 28 dc |
| 9565H95 | - | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 6 | 3PST | 1.06/482.95 | 10/11 | / 1160 | 70 | 8 to 38 | CONT | BASE | 120 dc |
| 6041H53 [2) | - | 50/25 | 50/25 | 50/25 | 25/25 | - | - | 20 | 15 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 5 \text { N.O./10 } \\ \text { N.C. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | SPDT | . $54 / 245.45$ | 4/2 | 16.9 | 8.2 | 0.8 to 4.8 | CONT | TOP | 12 dc |
| 6041H220 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | MS24187-D1 | 50/25 | 50/25 | 50/25 | 25/25 | - | - | 20 | 15 | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { N.O./ } 10 \\ \text { N.C. } \end{gathered}$ | SPDT | .54/245.45 | $4 / 2$ | 94.2 | 18 | 1.5 to 9 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H230 | MS24187-D2 | 50/25 | 50/25 | 50/25 | 25/25 | - | - | 20 | 15 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 5 \text { N.O./10 } \\ \text { N.C. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | SPDT | .54/245.45 | $4 / 2$ | 94.2 | 18 | 1.5 to 9 | CONT | TOP | 29 dc |
| 6046H39 (2) | - | 50/25 | 50/25 | 50/25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | SPDT | 2.9/1318.18 | 6/7 | 26 | 18 | 7 |  | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H201 | MS24166-D2 | 50 | 50 | 50 | - | - | - | 20 | 10 | 5 | SPST | .50/225 | 1/4 | 94.2 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H149 | - | 50 | 50 | 50 | - | - | - | 20 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 56/254.55 | 1/4 | 16.9 | 8.2 | 0.8 to 4.8 | CONT | SIDE | 12 dc |
| 6041H200 | MS24166-D1 | 50 | 50 | 50 | - | - | - | 20 | 10 | 5 | SPST | .50/225 | 1/4 | 94.2 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 9565H94 | MS24193-D1 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 20 | 15 | 4 | 3PST | 1.51/685 | 10/11 | 13.5/71.5 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | BASE | 28 dc |
| 6041H219 | MS24178-D1 | 55 | 40 | 40 | 55 | - | 35 | - | - | - | DPST | .75/340.91 | 2/2 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | Note (1) | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H80 | - | 100 | 80 | 80 | - | - | - |  |  |  | SPST | 1.4/636.36 | 1/3 | 66.3 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H144 | - | 100 | 80 | 80 | - | - | - |  |  |  | SPST | 1.4/636.36 | 1/3 | 66.3 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H11 | - | 100 | 80 | 80 | - | - | - |  |  |  | SPST | 1.4/636.36 | 1/1 | 66.3 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H209 | AN3362-1 | 100 | 80 | 80 | 75 | - | 65 | 35 | 10 | 3.5 | DPST | 1.5/685 | 2/2 | 43 | 20 | 1.5 to 7 | Note (1) | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6046H53 | MS25031-D1B | 100 | 80 | 80 | 75 | - | 65 |  |  |  | DPDT | 3.5/1590.91 | 9/7 | 43 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 9565H13 | - | 100 | 75 | 75 | 100 | - | 75 | 22 | 15 | 4 | 3PST | 2.5/1136.36 | 12/11 | 9/53 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | BASE | 28 dc |
| 6041H202 | MS24171-D2 | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | 25 | 10 | 50 | SPST | 1.25/568.18 | 1/5 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H105 | - | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | - | - | - | SPST | 1.25/868.18 | 1/5 | 10 (+15/-10) | 9 | 3.5 | CONT | SIDE | 12 dc |
| 6041H123 | - | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | 40 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 1.3/590.91 | 1/5 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H203 | MS24172-D2 | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | 25 | 18 | 5 | SPST | 1.23/560 | 1/5 | 10 (+15/-10) | 7.5 | 0.5 to 3.0 | INTER(3) | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H212 | - | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | 40 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 1.3/590.91 | 1/5 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H215 | MS24171-D1 | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | 25 | 10 | 5 | SPST | 1.33/604.55 | 1/1 | 66 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H216 | MS24172-D1 | 200 | 100 | 200 | - | - | - | 25 | 10 | 5 | SPST | 1.33/604.55 | 1/1 | 10(+15/-10) | 7.5 | 0.5 to 3.0 | INTER(3) | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6046H46 | MS25032-D1 | 200 | 100 | 150 | 150 | - | 100 | 40 | 15 | 5 | DPDT | 5.5/2500.00 | 8/7 | 41 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H205 | MS24185-D2 | 400 | 100 | 400 | - | - | - | 40 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 2.6/1181.82 | 1/5 | 60 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | SIDE | 28 dc |
| 6041H217 | MS24185-D1 | 400 | 100 | 400 | - | - | - | 40 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 2.6/1181.82 | 1/1 | 60 | 18 | 1.5 to 7 | CONT | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H218 | MS24179-D1 | 400 | 100 | 400 | - | - | - | 20 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 2.6/1181.82 | 1/1 | 10 | 7 | 0.5 to 3.0 | INTER(3) | TOP | 28 dc |
| 6041H206 | MS24179-D2 | 400 | 100 | 400 | - | - | - | 20 | 15 | 5 | SPST | 2.6/1181.82 | 1/5 | 10 | 7 | 0.5 to 3.0 | INTER (3) | SIDE | 28 dc |

(1) Coil will exceed $95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature rise when left on continuously in $25^{\circ}$ ambient, but will not be damaged. At maximum ambient temperture of $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the duty cycle should be limited to 15 minutes "on" time per half hour to obtain maximum coil life.
(2) Continuous and intermittent duty ratings shown are for N.O. pole rated at $1 / 2$ the listed continuous DC duty ratings. N.C. pole on 6041 H 53 and H 220 limited to 15 g 's shock
(3) Time on $11 / 2$ minutes at 29 Vdc . Minimum time off is 3 minutes.
(4) All continuous duty resistive and motor load ratings and all intermittent duty ratings for all 3 pole relays listed under 28 Vdc apply for 120 Vdc systems with all 3 poles of the relay connected in the series.
(5) Pick-up voltage below values shown may cause relay to rapidly cycle on and off (chatter).
(6) Relay must drop-out at voltage value or less and may drop-out at any voltage below the higher voltage noted.

## MS Part Number Summary

| AN3362-1* | 6041 H 209 | MS24179-D1 | 6041 H 218 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MS24152-D1* | $9565 \mathrm{H} 29^{*}$ | MS24185-D2 | 6041 H 205 |
| MS24166-D1 | 6041 H 200 | MS24187-D1 | 6041 H 220 |
| MS24166-D2 | 6041 H 201 | MS24187-D2 | 6041 H 230 |
| MS24171-D1 | 6041 H 215 | MS24192-D1 | 9565 H 2 |
| MS24171-D2 | 6041 H 202 | MS24193-D1 | 9565 H 94 |
| MS24172-D1 | 6041 H 216 | MS25031-D1B | 6046 H 53 |
| MS24172-D2 | 6041 H 203 | MS24185-D1 | 6041 H 217 |
| MS24178-D1 | 6041 H 219 | MS25032-1 | 6046 H 46 |

*Inactive for new design

| Conversion Part Number |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AN Part Number | Use MS Part Number |  <br> Power Part Number |
| $3343-1$ | - | 9565 H 13 |
| $3350-1$ | MS24166-D2 | 6041 H 201 |
| $3362-1$ | - | 6041 H 209 |
| $3370-1$ | MS24171-D2 | 6041 H 202 |
| $3371-1$ | MS24172-D2 | 6041 H 203 |
| $3380-1$ | MS24185-D2 | 6041 H 205 |
| - | MS25030-D1B | 6041 H 51 |
| $3381-2$ | MS24179-D1 | 6041 H 218 |

# POWER RELAYS <br> CONTINUOUS DUTY, TYPE II, UNSEALED INTERMITTENT DUTY, TYPE III, UNSEALED 

## Approximate Dimensions and Weights

|  |  |  | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  |  | Coil | Dimensions in <br> Millimeters <br> Weight Lbs. | Dimensions in Millimeters |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catalog Number | Ampere Ratings | Figure Number | Wide A | HighB | Deep C | Mounting |  | Hole F | Net Stud G Power |  |  | Wide A | High B | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Deep } \\ \hline C \end{gathered}$ | Mounting |  | Hole F | Weight Grams |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | D | E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | D | E |  |  |
| 6041 H 11 | 100 | 1 | 3.27 | 3.13 | 2.08 | - | 2.75 | 0.27 | .250-28 UNF | .138-32 UNC | 1.4 | 83.06 | 79.5 | 52.83 | - | 69.85 | 6.86 | 636.36 |
| 6041H53 | 50/25 | 2 | 2.63 | 3.14 | 2.062 | - | 2.2 | 0.214 | .190-32 UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 0.54 | 66.8 | 79076 | 52.37 | - | 55.88 | 5.44 | 245.45 |
| 6041H80 | 100 | 3 | 2.91 | 3 | 2.08 | - | 2.26 | 0.276 | .250-32 UNC | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.4 | 73.91 | 76.2 | 52.83 | - | 57.4 | 7.01 | 636.36 |
| 6041 H 105 | 200 | 5 | 4.406 | 3.28 | 1.99 | - | 2.395 | 0.276 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.25 | 111.92 | 83.31 | 50.55 | - | 60.83 | 7.01 | 568.18 |
| 6041 H 123 | 200 | 6 | 4.5 | 3.575 | 2 | - | 2.395 | 0.276 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.3 | 112.01 | 90.81 | 50.8 | - | 62.83 | 7.01 | 590.91 |
| 6041 H 144 | 100 | 3 | 3.33 | 3 | 2 | - | 2.26 | 0.276 | .250-28 UNF | .138-32 UNC | 1.4 | 84.58 | 76.2 | 50.8 | - | 57.4 | 7.01 | 636.36 |
| 6041 H 149 | 50 | 4 | 2.75 | 2.5 | 2.125 | - | 1.875 | 0.229 | .190-32 UNC-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 0.562 | 69.85 | 63.5 | 53.98 | - | 47.63 | 5.82 | 255.68 |
| 6041 H 200 | 50 | 2 | 2.75 | 2.625 | 2.125 | - | 2.188 | 0.219 | .191-32 UNC-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 0.5 | 69.85 | 66.68 | 53.98 | - | 55.58 | 5.56 | 225 |
| 6041 H 201 | 50 | 4 | 2.75 | 2.5 | 2.125 | - | 1.875 | 0.229 | .190-32 UNC-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 0.5 | 69.85 | 63.5 | 53.98 | - | 47.63 | 5.82 | 225 |
| 6041 H 202 | 200 | 5 | 4.41 | 3.28 | 1.99 | - | 2.395 | 0.276 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.25 | 112.01 | 83.31 | 50.55 | - | 60.83 | 7.01 | 568.18 |
| 6041 H 203 | 200 | 5 | 4.5 | 3.313 | 2 | - | 2.395 | 0.276 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.23 | 114.3 | 84.15 | 50.8 | - | 60.83 | 7.01 | 560 |
| 6041 H 205 | 400 | 5 | 5.5 | 3.92 | 2.438 | - | 2.406 | 0.276 | .500-20 UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 2.6 | 139.7 | 99.57 | 61.93 | - | 61.11 | 7.01 | 1181.82 |
| 6041 H 206 | 400 | 5 | 5.5 | 3.92 | 2.438 | - | 2.406 | 0.276 | . 500-20 UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 2.6 | 139.7 | 99.57 | 61.93 | - | 61.11 | 7.01 | 1181.82 |
| 6041 H 209 | 100 | 2 | 3.469 | 3.406 | 2.656 | - | 2.948 | 0.276 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.5 | 88.11 | 86.51 | 67.46 | - | 74.88 | 7.01 | 681.82 |
| 6041 H 212 | 200 | 5 | 4.48 | 3.313 | 2.466 | - | 3.717 | 0.27 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.3 | 113.79 | 84.15 | 62.64 | - | 94.41 | 6.86 | 590.91 |
| 6041 H 215 | 200 | 1 | 4.406 | 3.75 | 2 | - | 3.01 | 0.276 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.33 | 111.91 | 95.25 | 50.8 | - | 76.45 | 7.01 | 604.55 |
| 6041 H 216 | 200 | 1 | 4.406 | 3.75 | 2 | - | 3.01 | 0.276 | . $375-24$ UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 1.33 | 111.91 | 95.25 | 50.8 | - | 76.45 | 7.01 | 604.55 |
| 6041 H 217 | 400 | 1 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 2 | - | 3.01 | 0.276 | .500-20 UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 2.6 | 139.7 | 114.3 | 50.8 | - | 76.45 | 7.01 | 1181.82 |
| 6041 H 218 | 400 | 1 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 2 | - | 3.01 | 0.276 | .500-20 UNF-2A | .138-32 UNC-2A | 2.6 | 139.7 | 114.3 | 50.8 | - | 76.45 | 7.01 | 1181.82 |
| 6041 H 219 | 55 | 2 | 2.922 | 2.844 | 2.031 | - | 2.385 | 0.223 | .190-32 UNC-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 0.75 | 74.22 | 72.24 | 51.59 | - | 60.58 | 5.66 | 340.91 |
| 6041 H 220 | 50/25 | 2 | 2.812 | 3.13 | 2.062 | 1.395 | 2.2 | 0.214 | .190-32 UNF-2A | .137-32 UNC-2A | 0.54 | 71.42 | 79.5 | 52.37 | 35.43 | 55.88 | 5.44 | 245.45 |
| 6046H39 | 50/25 | 7 | 4.82 | 3.45 | 2.25 | 2.01 | 4.301 | 0.228 | .190-32 | .138-32 UNC | 2.9 | 122.43 | 87.63 | 57.15 | 51.05 | 109.25 | 5.79 | 1318.18 |
| 6046H46 | 200 | 7 | 7.688 | 4.125 | 3.468 | 1.76 | 6.895 | 0.266 | . 375 -24 UNF | .138-32 UNC | 5.5 | 195.28 | 104.78 | 88.09 | 44.7 | 175.13 | 6.76 | 2500 |
| 6046H53 | 100 | 7 | 6.688 | 3.75 | 2.656 | 2.125 | 6.02 | 0.266 | .250-28 UNF | .138-32 UNC | 3.5 | 169.88 | 95.25 | 67.46 | 53.98 | 152.91 | 6.76 | 1590.91 |
| 9565H2 | 25 | 11 | 3.063 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.688 | 2.49 | 0.229 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.062 | 77.8 | 69.85 | 69.85 | 68.28 | 63.25 | 5.82 | 482.95 |
| 9565H13 | 100 | 11 | 3.812 | 3.546 | 3.28 | 2.468 | 3.102 | 0.225 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .164-32 UNC-2B | 2.5 | 96.82 | 90.07 | 83.31 | 62.69 | 78.79 | 5.72 | 1136.36 |
| 9565H29 | 25 | 12 | 4.75 | 2.75 | 4.125 | 2.75 | 4.187 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .164-32 UNC-2B | 2.25 | 120.65 | 69.85 | 104.78 | 69.85 | 106.35 | 5.54 | 1022.73 |
| 9565H94 | 50 | 11 | 3.625 | 3.188 | 3.312 | 2.135 | 2.322 | 0.219 | . 190-32 UNF-2B | .164-32 UNC-2B | 1.5 | 92.08 | 80.98 | 84.12 | 54.23 | 58.98 | 5.56 | 681.82 |
| 9565H95 | 25 | 11 | 3.063 | 2.75 | 2.75 |  | 2.494 | 0.229 | . 190-32 UNF-2B | .164-32 UNC-2B | 1.06 | 77.8 | 69.85 | 69.85 |  | 63.35 | 5.82 | 481.82 |

Note: All coils and auxiliary terminals are 6-32, except for Catalog Number 9565 relays which have 8-32 coil terminals.
Dimensions are approximate and should not be used for construction purposes.

## Dimension Figures



Figure 1


Figure 2

## Dimension Figures (cont.)



Figure 11


Figure 12

## Typical Wiring Diagrams




Diagram 12


Diagram 16


Diagram 18

## P/N 6046H39

## Typical Operation:

All items shown within dotted lines are part of the relay. All other parts external to dotted lines, including switches connected to C1 \& C2 customer supplied.

## Internal Mechanical Interlocks

Prevents the opposite contacts from transferring when either one of the coils is energized and the respective contacts are closed.

## Reversing Operation

Closing either external start/stop switch at C1 or C2 will cause the motor to turn in either direction.

## Dynamic Braking Operation

Internal switch provides for dynamic braking current flow through the motor shunt-fields series (SF) 1 and 2 . Switch S is mechanically closed when either coil is energized and maintains that position until the alternate coil is energized. Switch S is shown in the last position commanded by external start/stop switch at C1.


Dia. No. 6 (Items shown outside dotted line 6046H39 are customer supplied)

Characteristics:

- Electrical Life: 50,000 cycles (sea level to 80,000 feet)
- Mechanical Life: 100,000 cycles
- Acceleration: 15 g's
- Shock: 25 g's
- Ambient Temperature Class:
- B $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- D $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Hermetically sealed/ MIL-PRF-6106
- Twin Break Silver Alloy Main Contacts
- Vibration Levels (Typical):



## Typical Configurations

| Catalog <br> Number | Continuous Ampere Contact Rating | Poles and <br> Throw | Operating Coil Voltage | Number Aux ${ }^{(1)}$ Contacts | Dimension Drawing Figure Number | Wiring <br> Diagram <br> Figure <br> Number | Government Type Number | Temp Class/ Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6042H110-2 | 12 | 3PST | 28 Vdc | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24143-D3 | $B^{(2)}$ |
| $6042 \mathrm{H} 141-2$ | 25 | 3PST |  | - | 2 | 6 | MS24143-D1 | B |
| $6042 \mathrm{H} 142-2$ |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24143-D2 | $B^{(7)}$ |
| 6042H290-2 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 115 \mathrm{Vac} \\ 60 \text { or } \\ 400 \text { Hertz } \end{gathered}$ | - | 2 | 6 | MS24143-A3 | D |
| 6042H291-2 |  |  | Built In Rectifiers | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24143-A4 | D |
| 6042H155-2 | 50 | SPST | 28 Vdc | - | 1 | 9 | MS24140-D1 | B |
| 6042H156-2 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 10 | MS24140-D2 | B |
| 6042H145-2 |  | 3PST |  | - | 2 | 6 | MS24376-D1 | B |
| 6042H146-2 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24376-D2 | B |
| 6042H147-2 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 115 \text { Vac } \\ 60 \text { or } 400 \\ \text { Hertz } \end{gathered}$ | - | 2 | 6 | MS24376-A1 | $B^{(11)}$ |
| $6042 \mathrm{H} 148-2$ |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24376-A2 | $B^{(10)}$ |
| 6042H285-2 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24376-A4 | $B^{\text {(1]) }}$ |
| 6042H288-2 |  |  | Built In Rectifiers | - | 2 | 6 | MS24376-A3 | $B^{(11)}$ |



Cat. No. 6042H285 3PST, 50 Amp w/Auxiliary


Cat. No. 6042H155 SPST, 50 Amp


Cat. No. 6042H46 SPST, 50 Amp w/Auxiliary

## Ratings

| Power Contact Ratings Continuous Duty |  |  |  |  |  | Coil Data |  |  |  |  | Catalog <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 Vdc |  |  | 115/200 Vac 400 Hz |  |  | Max. Coil Power |  | Max. Volts Pick Up at Amb. Temp. | Volts |  |  |
| Amperes |  |  | Amperes |  |  |  |  | Hold | DropOut |  |
| Res. | Ind. | Motor | Res. | Ind. | Motor | Amps | Volts |  |  |  |
| 12 | 12 | 6 | 12 | 12 | 6 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc | 6042H110-2 |
| 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6042 \mathrm{H} 141-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 142-2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.225 | 124 ac | 90 ac | $40 \mathrm{ac}^{(9)}$ | 10 ac | $\begin{aligned} & 6042 \mathrm{H} 290-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 291-2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | $50^{(4)}$ | $50^{(4)}$ | $50^{(4)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & 0.50 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6042 \mathrm{H} 155-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 156-2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 50 | 50 | 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc | $\begin{aligned} & 6042 \mathrm{H} 145-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 146-2 \end{aligned}$ |
| 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 0.225 | 124 ac | 90 ac | 40 ac | 10 ac | $\begin{aligned} & 6042 \mathrm{H} 147-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 148-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 285-2 \\ & 6042 \mathrm{H} 288-2 \end{aligned}$ |

(1) Auxiliary Switch: SPDT rated 28 Vdc and $115 \mathrm{~V} 400 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5$ Amp Res. \& Ind. \& 0.75 Amp Lamp
(2) Rated 100,000 operations electrical and mechanical life; Auxiliary switch rated 1,25 Amp Res. \& 0.75 Amp Ind.
(4) These Ratings for 115 V 400 Hz only
(5) See MS Sheets for details
(6) Intermittent duty ratings for general applications. (See chart below)
(7) Ratings for $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ only @ 115/200 Vac
(9) 400 Hz only
(11) Temperature Class D for 60 Hz AC Operation

## Intermittent Duty Ratings

| Continuous | 15 Minutes | 5 Minutes | 1 Minute | Max. Inrush |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $100 \%$ | $130 \%$ | $150 \%$ | $200 \%$ | $600 \%$ |

In general, these power relays can withstand the above intermittent duty overcurrent.

## Options:

Internal Coil Suppression

## Typical Configurations

| Catalog <br> Number | $\qquad$ | Poles and <br> Throw | Operating Coil Voltage | Number Aux. Contacts | Dimension Drawing Figure Number | Wiring Diagram Figure Number | Government <br> Type <br> Number | Temp Class/ Note | Power Contact Ratings Continuous Duty |  |  |  |  |  | Max. Time In Seconds |  | Coil Data |  |  | Volts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 Vdc Amperes |  |  | 115/200 Vac 400 Hz Amperes |  |  |  |  | Max. Coil Power |  | Max. <br> Volts <br> Pick- <br> up @ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Res. | Ind. | Motor | Res. | Ind. | Motor | Operate | Release | Amps | Volts | Amb Temp. | Hold | Drop Out |
| 6042H159-2 |  |  |  | - | 1 | 9 | MS24141-D1 | B | 100 | 100 | 100 | $100{ }^{(4)}$ | - | $75^{(4)}$ | 0.025 | 0.01 | 0.5 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H160-2 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 10 | MS24141-D2 | B | 100 | 100 | 100 | $100^{4}$ | - | $75^{(4)}$ | 0.025 | 0.01 | 0.5 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H166-2 |  | SPST | 28 Vdc | - | 1 | 9 | MS24182-D1 | D | 100 | 100 | 100 | $100^{44}$ | - | $75^{(4)}$ | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.5 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H161-2 | 100 |  |  | - | 2 | 6 | MS24168-D1 | B | 100 | 100 | 100 | $100^{(4)}$ | $50^{(8)}$ | $100^{(4)}$ | 0.06 | 0.015 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H162-2 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 8 | MS24168-D2 | B | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | $50^{(8)}$ | 100 | 0.06 | 0.025 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H286-2 |  |  |  | - | 2 | 8 | MS24168-A4 | D | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | $50^{(8)}$ | 100 | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.25 | 120 ac | 90 ac | 40 ac | 10 ac |
| 6042H289-2 |  |  | 115 Vac | 1 | 2 | 6 | MS24168-A3 | D | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | $50^{8}$ | 100 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.25 | 120 ac | 90 ac | 40 ac | 10 ac |
| $6042 \mathrm{H} 151-2$ |  |  |  | - | 1 | 9 | MS24142-D1 | B | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | - | 150 | 0.035 | 0.015 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H152-2 | 200 |  |  | - | 1 | 10 | MS24142-D2 | B | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | - | 150 | 0.035 | 0.015 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H167-2 |  | SPST | 28 Vdc | 1 | 1 | 9 | MS24183-D1 | D | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | - | 150 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.5 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H153-2 |  |  |  | - | 1 | 9 | MS24184-D1 | D | 300 | 100 | 250 | 300 | - | 150 | 0.035 | 0.015 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| 6042H154-2 | 300 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 10 | - | D | 300 | 100 | 250 | 300 | - | 150 |  |  | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| SM400H2-2 |  |  |  | - | 1 | 9 | - | D | 400 | 100 | 250 | 400 | - | 150 | 0.035 | 0.015 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |
| SM400H3-2 | 400 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 10 | - | D | 400 | 100 | 250 | 400 | - | 150 | 0.035 | 0.015 | 0.6 | 29 dc | 18 dc | 7 dc | 1.5 dc |

${ }^{(1)}$ Auxiliary switch: SPDT rated 28 Vdc and $115 \mathrm{~V} 400 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5 \mathrm{Amp}$ Res. \& Ind. \& 0.75 Amp Lamp.
${ }^{(2)}$ Rated 100,000 operations electrical and mechanical life. Auxiliary switch rated 1.25 Amp Res. \& 0.75 Amp Ind.
${ }^{(3)}$ Rated 50 g shock.
${ }^{(4)}$ These ratings for 115 V 400 Hz only.
${ }^{(5)}$ See MS Sheets for details.
${ }^{(1)}$ Intermittent duty ratings for general applications (see chart below).
${ }^{(8)}$ Ratings for $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ only @ $115 / 200 \mathrm{Vac}$.


- Twin Break Silver Alloy Main Contacts
- Vibration Levels (Typical):



## Characteristics:

- Electrical Life:

50,000 cycles (sea level to 80,000 feet)

- Mechanical Life: 100,000 cycles
- Acceleration: 15 g's
- Shock: 25 g's
- Ambient Temperature Class:
- B $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- D $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Hermetically sealed/ MIL-PRF-6106


## Intermittent Duty Ratings:

| Continuous | 15 Minutes | 5 Minutes | 1 Minute | Max. Inrush |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | $130 \%$ | $150 \%$ | $200 \%$ | $600 \%$ |

In general, these power relays can withstand the above intermittent duty overcurrent.

## Options:

Internal Coil Suppression

## Approximate Dimensions and Weights

| Catalog Number | Ampere Rating | Dimensions in Inches | Dimensions in Inches |  |  |  |  |  | Net Term. Stud Dia. G |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Weight } \\ \hline \text { Lbs. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Dimensions in Millimeters |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline \text { Weight } \\ \hline \text { Grams } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Wide } \\ \hline \mathrm{A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { High } \\ \hline \text { B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Deep } \\ \hline \text { C } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Mounting |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Hole } \\ \hline \text { F } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Wide } \\ \hline \mathbf{A} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | High <br> B | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Deep } \\ \hline \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Mounting |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Hole } \\ \hline \mathrm{F} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | D | E |  | Power | Coil |  |  |  | D | E |  |  |  |
| 6042H110-2 | 12 | 2 | 3.305 | 4.485 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.60 | 83.95 | 113.92 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 727.27 |
| 6042H141-2 | 25 | 2 | 3.305 | 3.250 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.50 | 83.95 | 82.55 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 681.82 |
| 6042H142-2 | 25 | 2 | 3.305 | 4.513 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.60 | 83.95 | 114.63 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 727.27 |
| 6042H145-2 | 50 | 2 | 3.305 | 3.200 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | 138-32 UNC-2B | 1.60 | 83.95 | 81.28 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 727.27 |
| 6042H146-2 | 50 | 2 | 3.305 | 4.485 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.70 | 83.95 | 113.92 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 771.11 |
| 6042H147-2 | 50 | 2 | 3.305 | 3.200 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.70 | 83.95 | 81.28 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 771.11 |
| 6042H148-2 | 50 | 2 | 3.305 | 4.485 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.82 | 83.95 | 113.92 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 825.54 |
| 6042H151-2 | 200 | 1 | 3.640 | 3.700 | 3.315 |  | 3.000 | 0.266 | . $375-24$ UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 2.30 | 92.46 | 93.98 | 84.20 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 1043.26 |
| 6042H152-2 | 200 | 1 | 3.640 | 4.972 | 3.315 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | . 375 -24 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 2.50 | 92.46 | 126.29 | 84.20 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 1133.98 |
| 6042H153-2 | 300 | 1 | 3.640 | 3.700 | 3.315 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | . $375-24$ UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 2.40 | 92.46 | 93.98 | 84.20 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 1088.62 |
| 6042H154-2 | 300 | 1 | 3.640 | 4.973 | 3.315 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | . $375-24$ UNF-2B | 138-32 UNC-2B | 2.50 | 92.46 | 126.31 | 84.20 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 1133.98 |
| 6042H155-2 | 50 | 1 | 2.700 | 2.665 | 2.835 |  | 2.188 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | 138-32 UNC-2B | 0.90 | 68.58 | 67.69 | 72.01 |  | 55.58 | 5.54 | 408.23 |
| 6042H156-2 | 50 | 1 | 2.700 | 3.947 | 2.835 | - | 2.188 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | 138-32 UNC-2B | 1.10 | 68.58 | 100.25 | 72.01 |  | 55.58 | 5.54 | 498.95 |
| 6042H159-2 | 100 | 1 | 3.640 | 3.250 | 2.925 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | . $250-28$ UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.40 | 92.46 | 82.55 | 74.30 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 635.03 |
| 6042H160-2 | 100 | 1 | 3.640 | 4.532 | 2.925 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.60 | 92.46 | 115.11 | 74.30 |  | 76.20 | 6.76 | 727.27 |
| 6042H161-2 | 100 | 2 | 4.250 | 4.280 | 4.220 | 3.697 | 3.510 | 0.218 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 3.30 | 107.95 | 107.57 | 107.19 | 93.90 | 89.15 | 5.54 | 1496.86 |
| 6042H162-2 | 100 | 2 | 4.250 | 5.615 | 4.220 | 3.697 | 3.510 | 0.218 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 3.45 | 107.95 | 142.62 | 107.19 | 93.90 | 89.15 | 5.54 | 1568.18 |
| 6042H166-2 | 100 | 1 | 3.640 | 3.063 | 2.925 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.10 | 92.46 | 77.80 | 74.30 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 498.95 |
| 6042H167-2 | 200 | 1 | 3.672 | 3.282 | 2.957 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | . $375-24$ UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.70 | 93.27 | 83.36 | 75.11 |  | 76.20 | 6.76 | 771.11 |
| 6042H285-2 | 50 | 2 | 3.305 | 4.485 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.90 | 83.95 | 113.92 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 861.83 |
| 6042H286-2 | 100 | 2 | 4.235 | 5.553 | 4.218 | 3.697 | 3.510 | 0.218 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 3.70 | 107.57 | 141.05 | 107.14 | 93.90 | 89.15 | 5.54 | 1678.29 |
| 6042H288-2 | 50 | 2 | 3.305 | 3.200 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.80 | 83.95 | 81.28 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 816.47 |
| 6042H289-2 | 100 | 2 | 4.235 | 4.280 | 4.218 | 3.697 | 3.510 | 0.218 | .250-28 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 3.60 | 107.57 | 108.71 | 107.14 | 93.90 | 89.15 | 5.54 | 1636.36 |
| 6042H290-2 | 25 | 2 | 3.305 | 3.250 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.70 | 83.95 | 82.55 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 771.11 |
| 6042H291-2 | 25 | 2 | 3.305 | 4.513 | 3.700 | 3.250 | 2.687 | 0.218 | .190-32 UNF-2B | .138-32 UNC-2B | 1.90 | 83.95 | 114.63 | 93.98 | 82.55 | 68.25 | 5.54 | 861.83 |
| SM400H2-2 | 400 | 1 | 3.640 | 3.700 | 3.315 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | . $375-24$ UNF-2B | 138-32 UNC-2B | 2.40 | 92.46 | 93.98 | 84.20 | - | 76.20 | 6.76 | 1088.62 |
| SM400H3-2 | 400 | 1 | 3.64 | 4.97 | 3.315 | - | 3.000 | 0.266 | .375-24 UNF-2B | 138-32 UNC-2B | 2.50 | 92.46 | 126.31 | 84.20 | - | 76.20 | 6.7 | 133.9 |

NOTE: All coils and auxiliary terminals are 6-32. Dimensions are approximate and should not be used for construction purposes.


Figure 1


Figure 2

Typical Wiring Diagrams (See Selection Table for Diagram No. Reference)


Dia. No. 1


Dia. No. 2


Dia. No. 6


Dia. No. 7


Dia. No. 8


Dia. No. 9


Dia. No. 10

## Specifications

- Molded of unbreakable nylon
- Ambient temperature ranges: $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Secured by coil terminal hardware
- Part number molded into cover
- Positive protection between power stubs

Part No. 49-2665 MS27242-1


Part No. 49-2672 MS27243-5


Part No. 49-2667 MS27243-3


Part No. 49-2661 MS27243-1


Part No. 49-2670 MS27243-4

## Terminal Covers Application

| Safran Electrical \& Power Relays | Relay MS Numbers | Terminal Cover Part Number | MS27243 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6042H110-2 | MS24143-D3 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 26042H141-2 | MS24143-D1 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H142-2 | MS24143-D2 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H145-2 | MS24376-D1 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H146-2 | MS24376-D2 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H147-2 | MS24376-A1 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| $6042 \mathrm{H} 148-2$ | MS24376-A2 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H151-2 | MS24142-D1 | 49-2672 | -5 |
| 6042H152-2 | MS24142-D2 | 49-2672 | -5 |
| 6042H153-2 | MS24184-D1 | 49-2672 | -5 |
| 6042H154-2 | MS24184-D2 | 49-2672 | -5 |
| 6042H155-2 | MS24140-D1 | 49-2667 | -3 |
| 6042H156-2 | MS24140-D2 | 49-2667 | -3 |
| 6042H159-2 | MS24141-D1 | 49-2665 | -2 |
| $6042 \mathrm{H} 160-2$ | MS24141-D2 | 49-2665 | -2 |
| 6042H161-2 | MS24168-D1 | 49-2670 | -4 |
| 6042H162-2 | MS24168-D2 | 49-2670 | -4 |
| 6042H166-2 | MS24182-D1 | 49-2667 | -3 |
| 6042H167-2 | MS24183-D1 | 49-2665 | -2 |
| 6042H286-2 | MS24168-A4 | 49-2670 | -4 |
| 6042H288-2 | MS24376-A3 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H289-2 | MS24168-A3 | 49-2670 | -4 |
| 6042H290-2 | MS24143-A3 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| 6042H291-2 | MS24143-A4 | 49-2661 | -1 |
| SM400H2-2 | - | 49-2672 | -5 |
| SM400H3-2 | - | 49-2672 | -5 |
|  |  |  |  |

## Approximate Dimensions and Weights

| Part <br> Number | Figure <br> Number | Dimensions in In./Mill. |  |  | Ship Wt. Lbs./ <br> gm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  |  | A | B | C |  |
| $49-2661$ | 1 | $2.32 / 58.93$ | $0.75 / 19.05$ | $2.94 / 74.68$ | $.025 / 11.31$ |
| $49-2665$ | 1 | $2.56 / 65.02$ | $1.17 / 29.72$ | $2.12 / 53.85$ | $.026 / 11.77$ |
| $49-2667$ | 1 | $2.66 / 67.56$ | $1.11 / 28.19$ | $2.05 / 52.07$ | $.027 / 12.22$ |
| $49-2670$ | 1 | $2.75 / 69.85$ | $1.06 / 26.92$ | $3.81 / 96.77$ | $.044 / 19.91$ |
| $49-2672$ | 1 | $3.00 / 76.20$ | $1.17 / 29.72$ | $2.50 / 63.50$ | $.030 / 13.57$ |

NOTE: Dimensions are approximate and should not be used for construction purposes.


Figure 1


Figure 2

## Engineering Data

- MIL-R-6106 Type I
- Hermetically Sealed
- Continuous Duty
- Weight - 11.3 oz. (320 grams)
- Seal - 1x10-6 STD CC/SEC

Max

- Altitude: 80,000 Feet
- Double Break Contacts

| Vibration Random | 15 Minutes Each Plane | Vibration Random $\text { M6106/48-002 }{ }^{(1)}$ | 15 Minutes Each Plane |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M6106/48-001 |  | Frequency (Hz) | Level ( $\mathrm{g} \wedge 2 / \mathrm{Hz}$ ) |
| Frequency (Hz) | Level ( $\mathrm{g}^{\wedge} 2 / \mathrm{Hz}$ ) | 15-50 | 0.012 |
| 10-125 | 0.037 | 120-200 | 0.364 |
| 125-250 | +4 dB | 250-400 | 0.194 |
| 250-1000 | 0.1 | 600-1000 | 0.060 |
| 1000-2000 | $-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 1300-2000 | 0.097 |
| ${ }^{(1)}$ Test to be performed with 5 ampere load on main contact. |  |  |  |

## Selection Table



- SM100H1
- M6106/48-001

- SM100H15
- M6106/48-002


## Application Notes

The curve shows a typical motor/generator requirement. The SM100H1 can withstand up to 400 Amps for several seconds during motor start - dropping to 100 Amps within 5 seconds. The SM100H1 can withstand the generator output up to 200 Amp for several minutes - dropping to 100 Amps within 3.5 minutes. These cycles can be repeated once every 90 seconds. The SM100H1 will meet applications requiring a reliable and robust contactor.


## Engineering Data

- Meets MIL-R-6106/48

Type I Hermetically Sealed Continuous Duty

- Power Contacts SPST:
- 28 Vdc
- Load Ratings:

Resistive: 100 Amps
Inductive: 100 Amps ( 10,000 cycles)
Motor: 50 Amps -001; 25 amps -002
Lamp: 50 Amps ( 25,000 cycles)
Minimum: 10 Amps
Overload: 800 Amps (See application curve)
Rupture: 1000 Amps

- Contact Voltage Drop:

Initial 0.100 V
After Test - 0.150 V

- Life:
- Electrical: 50,000 cycles
- Mechanical: 100,000 cycles
- Auxiliary Contacts SPDT Form "Z":
- Voltage: 28 Vdc
- Resistive: 5 Amps
- Inductive: 5 Amps (10,000 cycles)
- Lamp: 1 Amp (25,000 cycles)
- Minimum: 2 MA at 28 Vdc .
- Contact Voltage Drop: Maximum: 5 MV +/- 100 MA and 6V
- Current above 125 MA negates minimum current capability.
- Operating Temperature: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Shock: $1 / 2$ Sine 50 g's 6-9 MS:
- Contact Opening: 2 millisec. max.
- Insulation Resistance Minimum:
- Initial: 100 Megohms
- After Test: 50 Megohms
- Vibration: Sinusoidal (-001 only)
- 5 to 10 Hz 0.08 DA
- 10 to 55 Hz 0.05 DA
- 55 to 2000 Hz 10 g's
- Vibration (Gun Fire) 15 minutes each plane:
$-0.0375 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{Hz}$ for 10 to 125 Hz
- 4DB/Octave inc 125 to 250 Hz
$-0.1 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{Hz}$ for 250 to 1000 Hz
- 3DB/Octave decrease 1000 to 2000 Hz
- Dielectric Strength Sea Level 2-5 sec. Voltage=VRMS 60 Hz : - All points: 1250 V Initial, 1000 V After Tests
- Dielectric Strength Altitude 1 min .60 Hz :
- Coil \& contacts: 500 V Initial \& After Test
- All other points: 500 V Initial \& After Test


## Dimensions



## Schematic



## Coil Data

- Duty Cycle: Continuous
- Maximum Voltage: 30 Vdc
- Pick up: $18 \mathrm{Vdc}\left(15 \mathrm{Vdc}\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Hold-in: Unit must drop out at $1.5 \mathrm{Vdc} \&$ below and can drop out at any voltage below 7 Vdc .
- Operate Time: 30 MS maximum Release Time: 20 MS maximum
- Contact Bounce: 3 MS maximum main and auxiliary contacts.
- Coil Resistance: @- $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; 100 Ohms minimum (-002); 90 Ohms Minimum (-001).
- Coil Suppression: 0.42 V max. Peak Inverse Voltage.


## Engineering Data

- Meets MIL-R-6106 Type IV
- Weight: 10.5 ounces (284 g)
- Altitude:
-Rated: 50,000 feet -Extended: 80,000 feet with encapsulated terminals
- Ratings:
-Voltage: $115 / 200 \mathrm{~V}, 400 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3$ F
-Load Ratings:
Resistive: 60 Amps
Inductive: 60 Amps
Motor: 40 Amps
Minimum Current: 4 Amps Rupture: 400 Amps
- Environmental Seal: MIL-STD202, METHOD 112 Test Condition C Procedure IV
- Seal: $6 \times 10-4$ STD CC/SEC
- Economizer Coil: 30 Vdc
-Inrush: 1.25 Amps
(20 milliseconds max)
-Steady State: 0.25 Amps


## Power Contact Ratings (Continuous Duty) ${ }^{(1)}$

- Resistive
- Inductive
$115 / 200$ Vac 400 Hz
28 Vdc
60 A.
60 A .
20 A.
40 A .
- Minimum Current

4 A.
400 A .

- Rupture
0.150 V Max.
0.175 V . Max.

2 Milliseconds
${ }^{(1)}$ DC ratings are maximum overload capability. By wiring two poles in series, 28 Vdc rating can be increased to the same as the full AC ratings.

## Options

- AC operated coils
- Encapsulated terminals
- Internal coil suppression
- Suitable for synchronized power supplied transfer


## Selection Table

| Poles and <br> Throw-Circuit | Number of Auxiliary <br> Contacts 1 P.D.T. | Government Type <br> Number M6106 | Catalog <br> Number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 P.S.T.-N.O. | - | $/ 10-001$ | SM15AWD1 |
|  | 1 | $/ 10-002$ | SM15AXD1 |
| 3 P.S.T.-N.C. | - | $/ 11-001$ | SM15BWD1 |
|  | 1 | $/ 11-002$ | SM15BXD1 |
| 3 P.D.T. | - | $/ 9-001$ | SM15CWD1 |
|  | 1 | $/ 9-002$ | SM15CXD1 |
| 3 P.S.T.-N.O. | - | $10-005^{*}$ | SM15AWD3 |
| * Unit supplied with internal coil suppression. 45 V max. peak inverse voltage. |  |  |  |



## Typical Wiring Digrams



3 P.S.T. - N.C. Auxiliary Contact


3 P.S.T. - N.C.
Auxiliary Contact


3 P.D.T. Without Auxiliary Contact


3 P.DT. With Auxiliary Contact


3 P.S.T. N.O. Without Auxiliary Contact With Internal Coil Suppression

## Engineering Data

## Specifications

- Meets MIL-R-6106/9, /10, /11 Type IV Environmentally Sealed
- Continuous Duty Operation
- Power Contacts 400 Hz:
- Voltage: 115 V Single Phase

115 V/ 200 V Three Phase

- Load Ratings per Pole:

Resistive: 60 Amps
Inductive: 60 Amps
Motor: 40 Amps
Minimum Current: 4 Amps
Overload: 320 Amps
Rupture: 400 Amps

- Electrical Life at Rated Loads: 100,000 operations (50,000 motor)
- Mechanical Life at 15 Amps: 200,000 operations
- Auxiliary Contacts 115 V $400 \mathrm{~Hz} / 28 \mathrm{Vdc}$ :
- Resistive: 3 Amps
- Inductive: 1.5 Amps
- Mechanical: 0.5 Amps
- Operating Temperature: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Shock: $1 / 2$ Sine, 25 g's 6 to 9 MS
- Contact Opening: 1 millisecond maximum
- Acceleration: 15 g's
- Insulation Resistance Minimum
- Initial: 200 Megohms
- After Test: 100 Megohms
- Vibration:
- 5 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz} 0.08{ }^{\prime \prime}$ DA
- 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz} 0.06{ }^{\prime \prime}$ DA
- 55 to 400 Hz 10 g 's
- 400 to 800 Hz 8 g s
-800 to 2000 Hz 8 g 's $\left(-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) 7 \mathrm{~g}$ 's at $71^{\circ}$
- Dielectric Strength Sea Level 2-5 sec. 60 Hz :
- Coil \& Auxiliary Contacts: 1250 V Initial, 1000 V After Test, Across open power contacts: 1250 V Initial 625 V After Life.
- All Other Points: 1800 V Initial, 1350 V After Test
- Dielectric Strength Altitude 1 minute 60 Hz :
- Coil \& Auxiliary Contacts: 500 V Initial \& After Test
- All Other Points: 700 V Initial \& After Test


## Coil Data

- 28 Vdc: Inrush 1.25 Amps (20 MS Max); Steady State 0.25 Amps
- Pick-up: 17 Vdc . Hold in: 7.0 Vdc Drop-out: 1.5 Vdc Unit must drop out at 1.5 Vdc and below and can drop out at any voltage below 7 Vdc .
- Operate Time: 25 MS. Release Time: 25 MS
- Contact Bounce: 2 MS maximum main and auxiliary contacts


## Dimensions Drawings

Top View - SM15CXD1 3PDT and Auxiliary Contacts


Top View - SM15AWD1 3 PST N.O. Contacts. Without Auxiliary Contacts


## Side View



## Approximate Dimensions



## Engineering Data

## Specifications

- Designed to MIL-R-6106/42
- All moving parts, contacts, and magnet coil gasket sealed \& vented
- Operable at altitudes to 50,000 feet
- Operating Temperature: $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Altitude: 50,000 ft. Max.
- Vibration:
- Per MIL-E-5400
- Curve IV, 5-2000 Hz
- Shock: 30 g's, Half Sine, 11 MS Duration
- Acceleration: 6 g 's
- Maximum weight: 3.15 Lbs/ 1425.31 gm
- Overload Current: 1080 Amps
- Rupture Current: 1350 Amps


## Electrical Characteristics



## Application Notes

Mechanically interlocked contact circuits prevent inadvertent operation of the alternate contact circuits. These units are suitable for load transfer typically from ground support to on-board power.

## Dielectric Strength

| Test Voltage Vrms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | At Sea Level (2-5 Sec.) |  |  | At Altitude (60 Sec.) |  |  |
|  | Initial |  | After Life |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 8}$ Vdc | $\mathbf{1 1 5}$ Vac | $\mathbf{2 8}$ Vdc | $\mathbf{1 1 5}$ Vac | $\mathbf{2 8}$ Vdc | $\mathbf{1 1 5}$ Vac |
| Coil to Case | 1250 | - | 1000 | - | 500 | - |
| Aux. Contacts | 1250 | 1500 | 1000 | 1125 | 500 | 500 |
| All Other <br> Points | NA | 1800 | NA | 1350 | NA | 700 |

## Operating Characteristics

| Coil Data |  |  |  |  |  |  | Drop-Out Voltage | Time Milliseconds Max. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal | Max * | Amp |  | Pick-Up Volts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volts | Volt | In <br> Rush | Cont. | $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \\ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Hi} \\ \text { Temp } \end{gathered}$ | Count Cur. |  | Coil Voltage |  |  | Bounce Time at 28 Vdc |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 Vdc | 23 Vdc | 30 Vdc |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Operate | Release | Transfer | Main | Aux. |
| 28DC | 30 | 5 | 1 | 15DC | 18DC | 22.5 DC | 7+0/-6 | 50 | 35 | 10 | 2 | 4 |

* Pick-Up: Coil will operate at the voltages shown and higher.
** Drop-Out: Coil will drop out at 1 Vdc and may drop out at any voltage from 7 Vdc and below.
Rated Contact Load - (Amps per pole) Case Grounded

| Type of Load | Life Operating Cycles $\mathrm{X} 10^{3}$ | 28 Vdc |  |  |  | 115 Vac 1 Phase 400 Hz |  |  |  | 115/200 Vac 3 Phase 400 Hz |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Main |  | Aux. |  | Main |  | Aux. |  | Main |  | Aux. |  |
|  |  | N.O. | N.C. | N.O. | N.C. | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6 0} \\ & \mathrm{Hz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ | $60$ | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |
| Resistive | 50 | 120* | - | 5 | 5 | 135 | - | 5 | - | 135 | - | 5 | - |
| Inductive | 50 | - | - | 3 | 3 | 135 | - | 3 | - | 135 | - | 3 | - |
| Motor | 50 | - | - | - | - | 80 | - | - | - | 80 | - | - | - |
| Lamp | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | - |
| Transfer Load | 10 | - | - | - | - | 135 | - | - | - | 135 | - | - | - |
| Mech. Life Reduced Amps |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 | - | - | 1.25 | 1.25 | 33.75 | - | 1.25 | - | 33.75 | - | 1.25 | - |
| Interm. Current | 50 | 13.5 | 13.5 | Per MIL-R-6106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Room Ambient conditions 100,000 operations.


## Engineering Data

- Construction:
- Ratings:
- Main Contacts

Configuration: Voltage (Nominal):
Current
Resistive:
Inductive: Motorload:
Overload:

Gasket Sealed (vented) MIL - R - 6106 Type III, except as noted

SPST N.O. 28 Vdc

400 Amp (Terminal Temperature Rise $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient) 100 Amps 400 Amps 2,000 Amps

Custom Motor Current: See Graph 20,000 cycles (Min.) Motor Current test to be run 5 cycles per hour maximum with 90 seconds off time between cycles

- Life:

Electrical:
Mechanical:

- Weight: (Max.):
- Environmental Data

Ambient Temp:
Altitude:

- Vibration:
- Acceleration:
- Shock:


## G-Level:

Duration

- Max. Duration Contact

Opening

- Coil Data:
- Duty Cycle:
- Nom. Operating
- Voltage:
- Pick-Up Voltage:
- Drop-Out Voltage:
- Hold Voltage:
- Operating Time:
- Inrush Current:
- Hold Current:
- Auxiliary Contacts:
- Voltage:
- Current:

50,000 Cycles Minimum
100,000 Cycles
2.25 Lbs/ 1020.58 gm
$-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
50,000 Feet Maximum 5 to 14 Hz 0.2" Double Amplitude 14 to 33 Hz 2 g 33 to $52 \mathrm{~Hz} 0.036^{\prime \prime}$
Double Amplitude
52 to 500 Hz 5 g (peak)
12 g Maximum (Steady State Load)
25 g's
6 to 9 Milliseconds
2 Milliseconds

Continuous, Economizing
28 Vdc
18 Vdc Max. at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$0.75-3.50 \mathrm{Vdc}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
9 Vdc
35 Milliseconds Maximum
3.0 Amps Max for 50 Milliseconds Max. at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
1.2 Amps Max. at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

28 Vdc or $115 \mathrm{~V}, 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$
5 Amp Resistive

## Options

- Low Level Auxiliary Contacts
- Auxiliary Terminal Size and Length




Typical Configurations - 400 Amp


## MIL P/N Cross Reference

| MIL P/N | Safran Electrical \& Power P/N | Page | MIL P/N | Safran Electrical <br> \& Power P/N | Page | MIL P/N | Safran <br> Electrical <br> \& Power P/N | Page | MIL P/N | Safran <br> Electrical <br> \& Power P/N | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M6106/9-001 | SM15CWD1 | 36 | M83383/02-06 | SM600BA25A1 | 3 | MS24166-D1 | 6041 H 200 | 19 | MS24376-A2 | 6042 H 148 | 24/26 |
| M6106/9-002 | SM15CXD1 | 36 | M83383/02-07 | SM600BA35A1 | 3 | MS24166-D2 | 6041 H 201 | 19 | MS24376-A3 | 6042 H 288 | 24/26 |
| M6106/10-001 | SM15AWD1 | 36 | M83383/02-08 | SM600BA40A1 | 3 | MS24168-A3 | 6042 H 289 | 24/26 | MS24376-A4 | 6042 H 285 | 24/26 |
| M6106/10-002 | SM15AXD1 | 36 | M83383/02-09 | SM600BA50A1 | 3 | MS24168-A4 | 6042 H 286 | 24/26 | MS24376-D1 | 6042 H 145 | 24/26 |
| M6106/10-005 | SM15AWD3 | 36 | M83383/02-10 | SM600BA60A1 | 3 | MS24168-D1 | 6042 H 161 | 24/26 | MS24376-D2 | 6042 H 146 | 24/26 |
| M6106/11-001 | SM15BWD1 | 36 | M83383/02-11 | SM600BA75A1 | 3 | MS24168-D2 | 6042 H 162 | 24/26 | MS25030-D1B | 6046H51 | 19 |
| M6106/11-002 | SM15BXD1 | 36 | M83383/02-13 | SM600BA100A1 | 3 | MS24171-D1 | 6041 H215 | 19 | MS25031-D1B | 6046H53 | 19 |
| M6106/48-001 | SM100H1 | 32 | M83383/04-03 | SM601BA10A1 | 3 | MS24171-D2 | 6041 H 202 | 19 | MS25032-D1 | 6046 H 46 | 19 |
| M6106/48-002 | SM100H15 | 32 | M83383/04-04 | SM601BA15A1 | 3 | MS24172-D1 | 6041 H 216 | 19 | MS27242-1 | 6042 H 181 | 24/26 |
| M83383/01-01 | SM600BA5N1 | 3 | M83383/04-05 | SM601BA20A1 | 3 | MS24172-D2 | 6041 H 203 | 19 | MS27242-2 | 6042 H 182 | 24/26 |
| M83383/01-03 | SM600BA10N1 | 3 | M83383/04-07 | SM601BA35A1 | 3 | MS24178-D1 | 6041 H 219 | 19 | MS27243-1 | 49-2661 | 23 |
| M83383/01-04 | SM600BA15N1 | 3 | M83383/04-08 | SM601BA40A1 | 3 | MS24179-D1 | 6041 H 218 | 19 | MS27243-2 | 49-2665 | 23 |
| M83383/01-05 | SM600BA20N1 | 3 | M83383/04-10 | SM601BA60A1 | 3 | MS24179-D2 | 6041 H 206 | 19 | MS27243-3 | 49-2667 | 23 |
| M83383/01-06 | SM600BA25N1 | 3 | MS24140-D1 | 6042 H 155 | 24/26 | MS24182-D1 | 6042 H 166 | 19 | MS27243-4 | 49-2670 | 23 |
| M83383/01-07 | SM600BA35N1 | 3 | MS24140-D2 | 6042 H 156 | 24/26 | MS24183-D1 | 6042 H 167 | 19 | MS27243-5 | 49-2672 | 23 |
| M83383/01-08 | SM600BA40N1 | 3 | MS24141-D1 | 6042 H 159 | 24/26 | MS24184-D1 | 6042 H 153 | 19 | MS27243-6 | 49-3179 | 23 |
| M83383/01-09 | SM600BA50N1 | 3 | MS24141-D2 | 6042 H 160 | 24/26 | MS24184-D2 | 6042 H 154 | 19 | MS27997-D1 | 6042 H 91 | 24/26 |
| M83383/01-10 | SM600BA60N1 | 3 | MS24142-D1 | 6042 H 151 | 24/26 | MS24185-D1 | 6041 H 217 | 19 | MS27997-D2 | 6042 H 92 | 24/26 |
| M83383/01-11 | SM600BA75N1 | 3 | MS24142-D2 | 6042 H 152 | 24/26 | MS24185-D2 | 6041 H 205 | 19 | AN3362 | 6041 H 209 | 19 |
| M83383/01-13 | SM600BA100N1 | 3 | MS24143-A3 | 6042 H 290 | 24/26 | MS24187-D1 | 6041 H 220 | 19 | AN3372-1 | 6041 H 204 | 19 |
| M83383/02-01 | SM600BA5A1 | 3 | MS24143-A4 | 6042 H 291 | 24/26 | MS24187-D2 | 6041 H 230 | 19 |  |  |  |
| M83383/02-03 | SM600BA10A1 | 3 | MS24143-D1 | 6042H141 | 24/26 | MS24192-D1 | 9565H2 | 19 |  |  |  |
| M83383/02-04 | SM600BA15A1 | 3 | MS24143-D2 | 6042 H 142 | 24/26 | MS24193-D1 | 9565H94 | 19 |  |  |  |
| M83383/02-05 | SM600BA20A1 | 3 | MS24143-D3 | 6042H110 | 24/26 | MS24376-A1 | 6042H147 | 24/26 |  |  |  |

## Product Application

 Information and Warranty DisclaimerIt is buyer's responsibility to determine the suitability of the particular device for its application, and Safran Electrical \& Power makes no warranties, and assumes no liability as to the suitability of sufficiency for buyer's application of the device. Ratings and switch performance are valid only on devices which have not been subjected to unauthorized modifications or misapplications. Dimensional drawings are available upon request.

## Notice

The use of Safran Electrical \& Power devices should be in accordance with the provisions of the National Electric Code, U.L. and/ or other local, military or industry standards that are pertinent to the particular end use. Installation or use not in accordance with these codes and standards could be hazardous to personnel and/or equipment.

Government Cage Code The Government Cage Code for products manufactured by Safran Electrical \& Power are 81640 and 76374.


## Export Controls Compliance

Reminder to our catalog customers, product in this catalog, if exported, is subject to United States Export Control regulations. Safran Electrical \& Power encourages our customers to understand the regulations and ensure compliance, including obtaining written U.S. government authorizations when applicable.

## Need additional information not contained in this catalog? For technical

 questions, application assistance, or the name of your local authorized distributor, call 1-800-955-7354.

## Local contact (Sarasota, FL):

## SAFRAN ELECTRICAL \& POWER

2250 Whitfield Avenue
Sarasota, FL 34243 USA
Tel. 1-800-955-7354 Fax 941-751-7173
TechnicalSupport.SRQ@SafranGroup.com


[^0]:    (1) Contact factory on alternate amperage, trip times, control configurations,

[^1]:    * MAX. I/CU. Line Impedance 7.5
    ** Average Half-Wave Rectified DC Current

